

PROPOSED REVISED SYLLABUS

B.B.A LL.B

Five Year Integrated Course (w.e.f. 2013 – 2014)

FIRST YEAR First Semester

SR. NO	SUBJECTS	CREDIT	MARKS
1.	English and Legal English	4	100
2.	History and Logic	4	100
3.	Principles of Management	4	100
4.	Economic Environment of Business	4	100
5.	Practical Training A	4	100

Second Semester

SR. NO	SUBJECTS	CREDIT	MARKS
1.	Political Science	4	100
2.	Techniques of Communication, Client Interviewing and Counselling	4	100
3.	Marketing Management	4	100
4.	Financial management and Accounting.	4	100
5.	Practical Training B	4	100

SECOND YEAR Third Semester

SR. NO	SUBJECTS	CREDIT	MARKS
1.	Sociology and Business Sociology	4	100
2.	History of Courts Legislature and Legal Profession	4	100
3.	Corporate Management and Governance	4	100
4.	Legal Method	4	100
5.	Practical Training C	4	100

Fourth Semester

SR. NO	SUBJECTS	Credit	MARKS
1.	International Politics and International Trade	4	100
2.	Advocacy Skills	4	100
3.	Information Technology Fundamentals	4	100
4.	Human Resources Management	4	100
5.	Practical Training D	4	100

B.B.A LL.B - FIRST YEAR (Sem-I)

Paper 1 - Subject: English and Legal Language

Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (Module 1 consists of one credit and Module2 consist of 3 Credits)

(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)

Objective: The Objective of this course is to develop a student capability to write and speak in English correctly.

MODULE I - CREDIT 1

1.Grammar and Usage

- a. Tense and Composition
- b. Basic Transformations
 - i Active/Passive
 - ii Negatives
 - iii Questions
- c. Simple, Complex and Compound Sentences
- d. Reported Speech
- e. Some Common errors

2. Comprehension and Composition

- a. Reading Comprehension
- b. Comprehension of Legal Texts
- c. Paragraph and Precis writing
- d. Formal Correspondence
- e. Note Taking
- f. Drafting of Reports and Projects
- g. Abstracts

MODULE II - CREDIT 3

1.Legal Language

- a. Legal maxims
- b. Foreign words
- c. Drafting of moot memorials

2. Judicial Activism

3. Judgement Writing

4. Legal Essay

Text Books:

- 1.S.CTripathi Allahabad Law Agency
2. Legal Language and Legal Writing – P.K. Mishra
3. English Grammar – Wren and Martin

References:

1. Legal Language, Writing and General English – J.S. Singh

Paper 2 - Subject: History and Logic

History (2 Credits) Logic (2 Credits)

HISTORY

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credits)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: The course aims at providing fundamental knowledge and history and to develop skills of logic in students to be effective advocates.

MODULE I - CREDITS 2

1. East India Company and Revolt of 1857

- a. Foundation and Foothold in India.
- b. Forming a Complete Monopoly.
- c. Regulating Act, 1773 and Charter Acts.
- d. Unrest amongst the Indians – Beginning of Revolt.
- e. Factors responsible for the Revolt of 1857.

2. Reformation Movements: Social Upliftment of Women and Depressed Class.

2.1 Various Reformation Movements:

- a. BrahmoSamaj – Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- b. Ramkrishna Mission – Swami Vivekananda.
- c. AryaSamaj – Swami DayanandSaraswati.

2.2 Upliftment of Women:

- a. Women during British rule and in Independent India.
- b. Role of SavitribaiPhule

2.2 Upliftment of Depressed Class:

- a. Dalit and Politics.
- b. Reformative Movements by B. R Ambedkar

3. Indian Independence Movements.

- a. Partition of Bengal.
- b. JallianwalaBagh Massacre.
- c. Non-Cooperation Movements.
- d. Salt March and PurnaSwaraj.
- e. Quit India Movement.

4. Developments in Laws in British India.

- a. Simon Commission.
- b. Nehru Report.

5. Constitutional goal.

- a. Drafting Committee.

Suggested Books: Modern Indian History: V.D.Mahajan.

LOGIC

MODULE II - CREDITS 2

1. Introduction and Definition of Logic

a.Logic as a Formal Science.

b.Proposition.

1.1 Various terms in Logic.

i.Constituents

ii.Components.

iii.Contrary

iv.Contradictory.

v.Fact.

vi.Judgement.

vii.Denotation.

viii.Connotation.

2.Traditional Classification of Proposition.

3. Modern Classification of Propositions.

4. Analogy and Soundness of Analogy.

5. Syllogism and its Rules.

6. Respondent Superior and Stare Decisis.

Suggested Books: (1) Elementary Logic: K T Basantani.

Paper 3 - Subject: Principles of Management

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objectives: The course aims at providing fundamental knowledge and exposure to the concepts, theories and practices in the field of management.

MODULE I - CREDIT 1

1.Introduction:Evolution of Management Concept, nature, process.

2.Objectives and characteristics and significance of management;development of management thought.

3.Managerial theories, classical and modern theories of management.

4.Functions and roles; Management Vs. Administration; Behavioral, Role of a manager and his responsibility, management as an art/science Levels of management.

5.Importance of communication in management profession and professionalization of management.

MODULE II - CREDIT 1

- 1.Planning: Nature, scope and objectives of planning; Types of plans; Planning process
- 2.Businessforecasting; MBO; Concept, types, process and techniques of decision-making; BoundedRationality.
- 3.Organizing: Concept, nature, process and significance; Principles of an organization; Span ofControl
- 4.Departmentation; Types of an organization; Authority-Responsibility; Delegation andDecentralization; Formal and Informal Organization.

MODULE III - CREDIT 1

- 1.Staffing: Concept, Nature and Importance of Staffing.
- 2.Motivation and Leadership Nature and Importance of motivation; Types of motivation;
- 3.Theoriesof motivation-Maslow, Herzberg, X, Y and Z; Leadership – meaning and importance;
- 4.Traits of aleader; Leadership Styles – Likert’s Systems of Management andManagerial Grid.

MODULE IV - CREDIT 1

- 1.Controlling: Nature and Scope of control; Types of Control;
- 2.Control process; Control techniques– traditional and modern; Effective Control System.
- 3.Role of ethics in management. Policy, procedure, methods and rule

Text Books:

1. Stoner, Freeman and Gilbert Jr.; Management, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2003.
2. Gupta, C.B.; Management Concepts and Practices, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 2003.

Reference:

1. Koontz. O Donnel and Weirich (2001) – Management, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi.
2. Chopra, R.K. - Principles & Practices of Management, Sun India Publication, Latest Edition.
3. Tripathi P.C. and Reddy P.N., Principles & Practices of Management, 2nd Edition, Tata McGrawHill.
- 4.Principles of management by Ramaswamy.

Paper 4 - Subject: Economic Environment of Business

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credits)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objectives: The purpose of this course is to acquaint students with the business environment in terms of various laws, forces and regulatory measures governing business operations in India.

MODULE I - CREDIT 2

- 1.Definition, nature and scope of economics.

2. Micro and macro economics, normative and positive economics
3. working of economics systems with special reference to capitalistic, socialistic and the mixed economics, industrial (its relevance to law)

2.Regulatory Business Laws

- a)Industrial and Licensing Policy (latest),
- b)Foreign Exchange Management Act,
- c)Consumer Protection Act,
- d)Environment Protection Act,
- e)New Competition Law.

MODULE II - CREDIT 2

- 1.Salient features of RBI (functions, powers, duties of various authorities)
- 2.New Economic Environment
- 3.Liberalization, Privatization and Globalisation of Indian Economy (trends and issues.)
- 4.Demand and Supply –Utility analysis. Total Utility and Marginal Utility,
 - a.Law of Diminishing and Marginal Utility. Consumer’s Equilibrium,
 - b.Law of Demand, Demand Theory . Elasticity of Demand- Price , Income.
 - c.Law of Supply. Theory of Supply Elasticity of Supply Elasticity of Demand.
 - d.Demand and Supply Equilibrium.

Text Books:

- 1.Economics for law students, Dr. S.R Myhenipublishe by Allahabad Law Agency.
- 2.Elementary economic Theory, Dewett published by S.C Chand & Co.
- 3.Indian Economy, A.N. Agarwal
- 4.Modern Economy, Mithani
- 5.Macro Economics, D.M. Mithani, Himalaya Publishing House
- 6.Money Banking, International Trade and Public Finance, D.M., Mithani, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 8.RBI Journals
9. Bedi, Suresh (2004) Business Environment, Excel Books, New Delhi.
10. Mishra, S.K. and Puri, V.K. (2007) Economic Environment of Business, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi.
11. Paul, Justin (2006), Business Environment (Text and Cases), Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi
12. Economic Survey, Government of India (Latest)
13. Monthly Bulletins, Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai

Paper 5 -Subject:Practical Training A(Common Paper for Sem- I and III)

Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks

Objective-To understand the concept of cases in the field of law.

Essential Case Law:

1. Raj Kishore Jha v. State of Bihar, AIR 2003 S.C. 4664
2. Commissioner of Income Tax, Hyderabad v. P.J. Chemicals, 1994 Suppl. (3) S.C.C. 535
3. Air India v. NargeshMirza, AIR 1981 SC 1829
4. GeetaHariharan v. Reserve Bank of India, AIR 1999 S.C. 1149
5. NeeraMathur v. L.I.C. 1992 (1) S.C.C. 286
6. D.K. Basu v. State of W.B., 1997 (1) SCC 417
7. Dwrka Prasad Aggarwal v. B.D. Aggarwal, AIR 2003 S.C. 2686
8. Commissioner of Wealth Tax, Meerut v. Sharvan Kumar Swarup& Sons, 1994 (6) SCC 623
9. Shikhar Chand Falodiav.S.K. Sanganeria, AIR 2004 Gau. 19.
10. Grandphone Company v. B.B. Pandey, AIR 1984 S.C. 667
11. Peoples Union for Civil Liberties v. Union of India 1997 (1) S.C.C. 301
12. Balusami v. Balkrishna, AIR 1957 Mad. 97
13. Tekaha A.O. v. Sakumeeran A.O. AIR 2004 S.C. 3674
14. Nath Bros. Exim. International Ltd. v. Best Roadways Ltd. 2000 (4) S.C.C. 553
15. State of Bihar v. Sonawati AIR 1961 S.C. 221, 231
- 16. Any new verdict after concern teacher permission.**

B.B.A LL.B - FIRST YEAR (Sem-II)

Paper 1 - Subject : Political Science

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

MODULE I - CREDIT 1

1.Nature and Meaning of Political Science.

- a.Definition and Meaning of Political Science.
- b.Origin and Growth of Political Science
- c.Value and Significance of Political Science.
- d.Nature and Scope of Political Science.
- e.Merits and Demerits of Political Science.

MODULE II - CREDIT 1

1. State.

- a.Elements of State.
- b.State and its Nature.
- c.Various Forms of Government Organisations under Political Science.
 - i.Unitary and Federal Form of Government.
 - ii.Presidential and Parliamentary Form Of Government.
- d.Separation of Powers.

MODULE III – CREDIT 1

1.Western Political Thought & Political Ideologies

- a.Plato.
- b.Aristotle.
- c.Social Contract Theory.
- d.Gandhian Thought.
- e.Democracy.
- f.Gandhism.
- e.Liberalism.
- g.Secularism.
- h.Equality.
- i.Socialism.

MODULE IV - CREDIT 1

1.Power, Authority, Legitimacy and Judiciary.

- a.Meaning and Features of Power.
- b.Meaning and Objective of Authority.
- c.Meaning and Nature of Legitimacy.
- d.Judiciary and its Importance.

2.Political Obligation.

- i)Meaning and Kinds of Political Obligation.
- ii) Important Obligation of an Individual.
- iii)Theories of Political Obligation.
- iv)Civil Disobedience.

Paper 2 – Subject : Techniques of Communication, Client Interviewing and Counselling.

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credits)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: This paper is to develop in the student art of communication, client interviewing and counselling advocacy skill in them.

MODULE I - CREDITS 2

1.Communication

- a. Meaning
- b. Types and Directions to Communication
- c. Approaches to Communication
- d. Barriers to Communication
- e. Communication Process
- f. Channels of Communication

2.Public Notice

3.Press release

4.Call Letter ,interview Letter, goodwill message, follow up Letter

MODULE II - CREDIT 2

1.Legal Counseling

- a. Definition and its differentiation from general counseling
- b. Different types of counseling
- c. Approaches to Counseling
- d. Training Skills: Simulated exercises

2.Client Interviewing

- a. Meaning and significance
- b. Different Components: listening, types of questions asked, Information gathering,
- 3.Report formation, Ethical consideration
- c. Interviewing and Counselling
- d. Negotiation theory and Skill
- e. Mediation

Text Books:

1. N.R. MadhavaMenon, Clinical Legal Education, eastern Book Company.

References:

1. Jenny Chapman, Client Interviewing and Counselling
2. Stephens P. Robbins, Organizational Behaviour
3. Morgan, Introduction to Psychology

Paper 3 - Subject: Marketing Management

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credits)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objectives: The course aims at making students understand concepts, philosophies, processes and techniques of managing the marketing operations of a firm.

MODULE I – CREDITS 2

1. Introduction to Marketing

- a) Meaning, Nature and Scope of Marketing;
- b) Marketing Philosophies; Marketing Management Process; Concept of Marketing Mix;
- c) Market Analysis: Understanding Marketing Environment; Consumer and Organisation Buyer Behaviour;
- d) Market Segmentation, Targeting and Positioning.

2. Product Planning and Pricing

- a) Product Concept; Types of Products; Major Product Decisions;
- b) Brand Management; Product Life Cycle, New Product Development Process;
- c) Pricing Decisions; Determinants of Price; Pricing Process, Policies and Strategies.

MODULE II – CREDITS 2

1. Promotion and Distribution decisions

- a) Communication Process; Promotion Tools-Advertising, Personal Selling, Publicity and Sales
- b) Promotion; Distribution Channel Decisions-Types and Functions of Intermediaries, Selection and Management of Intermediaries.

2. Marketing Organization and Control

- a) Emerging Trends and Issues in Marketing – Consumerism,
- b) Rural Marketing, Social Marketing; Direct and Online Marketing; Green Marketing.

Text Books:

1. Kotler, Philip. (2003), Marketing Management: Analysis, Planning, Implementation & Control, Prentice Hall of India.
2. Michael, J. E., Bruce, J. W. and Williom, J. S. (2004). Marketing Management, Tata McGrawHill, New Delhi. 13th Edition

References:

1. Louis E. Boone and David L. Kurtz (2001). Contemporary Marketing. Harcourt Collye Publishers.
2. Douglas, J. Darymple & Leonard J. Parsons (2002). Marketing Management: Text and Cases. Seventh Edition, John Wiley and Sons.
3. Pride, William, M., and O.C. Ferrell (2005). Marketing: Concepts and Strategies. Biztantra, New Delhi.

Paper 4 Subject : Financial Management Accounting

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objectives: The primary objective of the course is to familiarize the students with the basic accounting principles and techniques of preparing and presenting the accounts for user of accounting information

MODULE I - CREDIT 1

1. Meaning and Scope of Accounting:

- a) Need for Accounting, Development of Accounting,
- b) Definition and Functions of Accounting, Limitation of Accounting, Book Keeping and Accounting,
- c) Is Accounting Science or Art?,
- d) End User of Accounting Information, Accounting and other Disciplines, Role of Accountant, Branches of Accounting,
- e) Difference between Management Accounting and Financial Accounting,
- f) Objectives of Accounting, Accounting Equation.
- g) Accounting Principles and Standards: Meaning of Accounting Principles, Accounting
- h) Concepts, Accounting Conventions, Systems of Book Keeping, Systems of Accounting,

MODULE II - CREDIT 1

1. Introduction to Accounting Standards Issued by ICAI.

- a) Journalising Transactions: Journal, Rules of Debit and Credit, Compound Journal Entry, Opening Entry Sub Division of Journal: Cash Journal, Petty Cash Book, Purchase Journal, Sales Journal, Sales Return Journal, Voucher System.
- b) Ledger Posting and Trial Balance: Ledger, Posting, Relationship between Journal and Ledger, Rules Regarding Posting, Trial Balance, Final Accounts of Sole Proprietorship and Firms.

MODULE III - CREDIT 1

1. Capital and Revenue

- a. Classification of Income, Classification of Expenditure, Classification of Receipts,
- b. Difference between Capital Expenditure & Capitalized Expenditure, Revenue Recognition.
- c. Accounting Concept of Income: Concept of Income, Accounting Concept's and Income Measurement, Expired Cost & Income Measurement, Relation Principle and Income Measurement, Accountants and Economist's Concept of Capital and Income.

MODULE IV - CREDIT 1

- a) Features of Depreciation, Meaning of Depreciation Accounting, Objectives of Providing Depreciation, Fixation of Depreciation Amount, Method of Recording Depreciation.
- b) Company Final Accounts: Books of Account, Preparation of Final Accounts, Profit & Loss Account, Balance Sheet, Requirements of Schedule VI concerning Profit & Loss Account and Balance Sheet, Preparation of Simple Company Final Accounts.
- c) Single Entry

Text Books:

1. Maheshwari, S.N. and S. K. Maheshwari (2003), An Introduction to Accountancy, Eighth Edition, Vikas Publishing House.
2. Gupta, R.L. and V.K. Gupta (2003), Financial Accounting: Fundamental, Sultan Chand Publishers.
3. Monga, J.R. (2005), An Introduction to Financial Accounting, First Edition, Mayoor Paperbooks.

References:

1. Monga, J.R. and Girish Ahuja (2003); Financial Accounting, Eighteenth Edition, Mayoor Paper Books.
2. Bhattacharya, S.K. and J. Dearden (2003); Accounting for Manager – Text and Cases, Third Edition, Vikas Publishing House.
3. Maheshwari, S.N. and S.K. Maheshwari (2003); Advanced Accountancy, Eighth Edition, Vol. I & II, Vikas Publishing House.
4. Reliable Series
5. Advanced accountancy, by R.L. Gupta
6. Advanced Accountancy, by Shukla & Grewal
7. Advanced Financial accounting, J.R. Monga, Mayoor Paperbacks
8. Fundamentals of Financial Accounting, Ashok Sehgal & Deepak Sehgal Taxmann's

Paper 5 - Subject: Practical Training B (Common Paper for Sem II and IV)

Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks

Objective-To understand the concept of environmental protection and preservation cases plays a very important role and therefore analysis of these cases are very important.

Supreme Court Cases On Environmental Laws.

1. Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India, Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 25 January 1978, AIR 1978 SC 597.
2. Ratlam Municipality v. Vardhichand and Others, Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 29 July 1980, AIR 1980 SC
3. M. C. Mehta v. Union of India AIR 1987, Supreme Court Of India .
4. Rural Litigation and Entitlement Kendra, Dehradun v. State of Uttar Pradesh AIR, 1986
5. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, Supreme Court of India, AIR 1988 SC 1037.
6. Vellore Citizens' Welfare Forum v. Union of India, Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 28 August 1996, AIR 1996 SC 2716.
7. T. N. Godavarman v. Union of India, Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 12 December 1996, AIR 1997 SC 1228.

8 . Indian Council for Enviro-Legal Action v. Union of India(Bichhri village industrial pollution case), Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 13 February 1996, 1996 (3) SCC 212.

9. M.C. Mehta v. Kamal Nath, Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 13 December 1996, 1997 (1) SCC 388.

10. S. Jagannath v. Union of India and Others, Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 11 December 1996, 1997 (2) SCC 87.

11. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 18 November 1997, 1998 (9) SCC 589.

10. Andhra Pradesh Pollution Control Board v. Prof. M.V. Nayudu, Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 27 January 1999, AIR 1999 SC 812.

11. Narmada Bachao Andolan v. Union of India and Others, Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 18 October 2000, AIR 2000 SC 3753. 12. Ranauk International v. IVR Construction LTD. and Others, Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 9 December 1998, 1998 (6) SCALE 456.

13. Mullaperiyar Environmental Protection Forum v. Union of India, 2006: This case concerned with the safety of a dam if the level of the water was to be raised. The court allowed the level to be raised in view of the fact that no danger was posed to human beings and the environment in doing so.

14. Any other case after taking consent of concern teacher.

B.B.A LL.B – SECOND YEAR (Sem -III)

Paper 1 - Subject : Sociology and Business Sociology

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credits)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

MODULE I - CREDITS 2

1. Sociology And Business Sociology

- a) Introduction: Nature, scope & methods of sociology
- b) Society: Meaning, characteristics & Theories Culture: Meaning, Components, Cultural growth, Evolution & Change
- c) Basic concepts:
 - a) Group, Status, Role Groups, Community, Associations, Structure, Organization
 - d) Social control values, Norms, Deviance & Sanctions
 - e) Social Stratification: a) Law and the disadvantaged groups & Social Institutions
 - f) Demography and Law: a) Family Planning, sustainable development & Representation in Legislative Bodies
 - g) Interaction on Legal and Social Change
 - h) Indian society: Unity and diversity, plural society, major institution & Stratification

MODULE II- CREDITS 2

1. Business Sociology

- a) Socio - cultural environment of Business
- b) Socio - Political environment of Business
- c) Role of Government in Business
- d) Social Responsibility in Business
- e) Structural Dimensions of Business in India
- f) External factors affecting Business Sociology
- g) Internal factors affecting Business Sociology

Paper 2 – Subject : History of Courts & Legislature

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: The course is to develop understanding of evolution of modern legal system in India.

MODULE I - CREDIT 1

1. Administration of Justice in Presidency Towns and Development of Courts under East India Company. (1600-1773)

- a) Establishment of Mayor's Court (1726)
- b) Working of the Mayor's Court of (1726)
- c) Warren Hastings Plan of 1772, Adalat System under

d) Plan of 1774 and Reorganization in 1780.

MODULE II- CREDIT 1

A. Regulating Act of 1773

- a) Provisions of the Act- Merits and Demerits of Act
 - b) Establishment of Supreme court at Calcutta under Charter of 1774 and the Working of the Supreme Court at Calcutta
 - c) Trial of Raja Nandkumar
 - d) Trial of RadhaCharan
 - e) Patna Trial
 - f) Kamalluddin's Case
 - g) Cossijurah Case
 - h) Saroopchand's Case
 - i) Gora Gopichand's Case
- B. Settlement Act of 1781
- C. Judicial reforms of Lord Cornwallis
- D. Judicial Plans of 1787/1790/1793

MODULE III- CREDIT 1

- A. Conflicts arising out of dual judicial system
- B. Indian High Courts Act 1861
- C. High Courts under G.O.I. Act 1915
- D. High Courts under G.O.I. Act 1935
- E. Rules of law and Independence of judiciary
- F. Separation of powers
- a) Before Independence
 - b) After Independence
- G. Privy Council and Appeals to Privy Council
- H. Establishment of Federal Court and its Features.

MODULE IV- CREDIT 1

- A. Courts system under the Constitution of India
- a) Supreme Court
 - b) Appointment of Judges
 - c) Qualification of Judges
 - d) Jurisdiction and powers of the Supreme Court & High courts
- B. History of legislature
- a) Charter of 1600/1813/1833
 - b) Indian Councils Act of 1861, 1892 and 1909
 - c) Govt. of India Acts, 1919, 1935
 - d) Codification of Law and Law Commissions.
- C. Law Reporting in India (1773-1950)

Recommended Readings:

1. History of Courts, Legislative and Legal Profession – Kailash Rai
2. Outlines of Indian Legal History – M.P. Jain
3. Abdul Hamid- Constitutional History of India
4. Landmarks of Indian Constitutional and Legal History -S.D. Kulashresh

Text Books:

1. M.P. Jain – Outlines of Indian Legal History
 2. V.D. Kulshretha – Landmarks of Indian Legal and Constitutional History
- References:
3. Abdul Hamid – Constitutional History of India
 4. N.R. MadhavaMenon, Clinical Legal Education, eastern Book Company.

Paper 3 – Subject : Corporate Management and Governance

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

MODULE I : CREDIT 1

- 1) Definition
- 2) History
 - a. Impact of Corporate Governance
 - b. Role of Institutional Investors
- 3) Parties to corporate governance
- 4) Principles of Corporate Governance
- 5) Mechanisms and Controls
 - a. Internal corporate governance controls
 - b. External corporate governance controls
 - c. Compliance and ethics programs
 - d. Corporate law and Economic reform programs

MODULE II- CREDIT 1

- a) Systemic problems of corporate governance**
 - i) Corporate behaviour
 - ii) Corporate benefit
- b) Role of the accountant**
- c) Regulation**
 - i) Rules versus principles
 - ii) Enforcement
 - iii) Action beyond obligation

MODULE III- CREDIT 1

- a) Corporate governance models around the World**
 - i) Anglo-American Model
 - ii) Non Anglo-American

MODULE IV- CREDIT 1

- a) Codes and guidelines**
- b) Corporate governance and firm performance**

- i) Board composition
- ii) Remuneration/Compensation
- c) Corporate Crimes**
- d) Corporate social Responsibility**

Paper 4 – Subject : Legal Method

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credits)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: This paper focuses on orientation of students to legal studies from the point of view of basic concepts of law and legal system.

MODULE I - CREDIT 1

1. Meaning and Classification of Laws

- a. Meaning and definition
- b. Functions of law?
- c. Classification of laws:
 - i. Public and Private Law
 - ii. Substantive and Procedural Law
 - iii. Municipal and International Law

2. Sources of Law

- a. Custom
- b. Precedent
- c. Legislation

MODULE II- CREDIT 2

1. Basic Concepts of Indian Legal System

- a. Common Law
- b. Constitution as the Basic Law
- c. Rule of Law
- d. Separation of Powers
- e. Judicial system in India

2. Legal Writing and Research

- a. Legal materials – Case law
- b. Statutes, Reports, Journals, Manuals, Digests etc.
- c. Importance of legal research
- d. Techniques of Legal Research
- e. Legal writings and citations

Text Books:

- 1. Glanville Williams – Learning the law
- 2. Nomita Aggarwal – Jurisprudence (Legal Theory)
- 3. B.N.M. Tripathi – An Introduction to Jurisprudence and Legal theory

References:

1. Benjamin N. Cardozo, The Nature of Judicial Process
2. ILI Publication – Indian Legal System
3. ILI Publication in Legal Research and Methodology

Paper 5 - Subject: Practical Training C (Common Paper for Sem I and III)**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks**

Objective-To understand the concept of cases in the field of law.

Essential Case Law:

1. Raj Kishore Jha v. State of Bihar, AIR 2003 S.C. 4664
2. Commissioner of Income Tax, Hyderabad v. P.J. Chemicals, 1994 Suppl. (3) S.C.C. 535
3. Air India v. Nargesh Mirza, AIR 1981 SC 1829
4. Geeta Hariharan v. Reserve Bank of India, AIR 1999 S.C. 1149
5. Neera Mathur v. L.I.C. 1992 (1) S.C.C. 286
6. D.K. Basu v. State of W.B., 1997 (1) SCC 417
7. Dwrka Prasad Aggarwal v. B.D. Aggarwal, AIR 2003 S.C. 2686
8. Commissioner of Wealth Tax, Meerut v. Sharvan Kumar Swarup & Sons, 1994 (6) SCC 623
9. Shikhar Chand Falodiav.S.K. Sangneria, AIR 2004 Gau. 19.
10. Grandphone Company v. B.B. Pandey, AIR 1984 S.C. 667
11. Peoples Union for Civil Liberties v. Union of India 1997 (1) S.C.C. 301
12. Balusami v. Balkrishna, AIR 1957 Mad. 97
13. Tekaha A.O. v. Sakumeeran A.O. AIR 2004 S.C. 3674
14. Nath Bros. Exim. International Ltd. v. Best Roadways Ltd. 2000 (4) S.C.C. 553
15. State of Bihar v. Sonawati AIR 1961 S.C. 221, 231
16. **Any other case after taking consent of concern teacher.**

B.B.A LL.B – SECOND YEAR (Sem –IV)

Paper 1 - Subject: International Politics and International Trade

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objectives: The course aims at making students understand concepts, philosophies, processes of International Politics and Trade.

MODULE I - CREDIT 1

- 1.International Politics: Meaning, Scope and Nature
- 2.Approaches to the Study of International Politics
- 3.Nationalism
- 4.Imperialism
- 5.Marxism
- 6.Ideology in International Politics

MODULE II - CREDIT 1

- 1.Balance of Power
- 2.Foreign Policy and its Determinants
- 3.Non-Alignment
- 4.South Asian Association of regional Co-operation (SAARC)

MODULE III - CREDIT 1

- A)League of Nations
- B)United Nations
- C)Human Rights
 - a.)Universal Declaration of Human Rights,1948(UDHR)
 - b.) International Convention on Civil and Political Rights, 1966 (ICCPR)
 - c.) International Convention on Economic,Social and Cultural Rights, 1966 (ICESCR)
 - d.) International Convention on Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women,1979 (CEDAW)
 - e.) Convention on Rights of Child, 1989 (CRC)

MODULE IV- CREDIT 1

- 1.International Trade and Aid as a factor in International Politics
- 2.Balance of payment
- 3.General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade(GATT)
- 4.Trade related International Property Rights(TRIPS)
- 5.International Monetary Fund (IMF)
- 6.World Trade Organisation(WTO)
- 7.International Financial Institutions

Text Books-

- 1.) International Politics-PrakashChander and PremArora (Cosmos Bookhives)
- 2.) International Relation and Organisation-Dr. S.R Myneni (New era Law Publications)

- 3.) Comparative Politics and International Relations -PrakashChander and PremArora (Cosmos Bookhives)
- 4.)International Law and Human Rights- Dr. H.O Agarwal

Paper 2 - Subject: Advocacy Skills

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: The paper seeks to develop personality of students as lawyers.

MODULE I- CREDIT 1

1.Personality:Meaning and Definition

- a. Determinants of personality
- b. Heredity, Environment and Situational Factors
- c. Theories of personality: Trait Theory, Type Theory, Psycho Analytic Theory, Meemastic Theory and Learning Theory

MODULE II- CREDIT 1

1.Attitude

- a. Meaning and Definition
- b. Types of Attitude
- c. Formation of Attitude
- d. Negative Attitude and objective
- e. Building positive attitude
- f. Situational Analysis of Attitude
- g. Perception
- h. Biases, Prejudices and blind Spots

MODULE III- CREDIT 1

1.Motivation

- a. Theories of Motivation
- b. Various motives: Biological and social Motives
- c. Motives to know and Be effective
- d. Frustration and conflict of Motives

MODULE IV- CREDIT 1

1. Leadership and Team- Building

- a. Definition
- b. Theories
- c. Characteristics of leadership
- d. Team Building

Text books:

1. Introduction to Psychology – Morgan's
2. Social Psychology – R.A. Baron
3. Psychology /: An Introduction – J.R. Gnow
4. Organizational Behaviour – Stephens P. Ronnins

Paper 3 - Subject: Information Technology Fundamentals

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

MODULE I- CREDIT 1

1.Basics of Computer and its evolution

- a) Evolution of Computer, Data, Instruction and Information, Characteristics of computers,
- b) Various fields of application of computers, Various fields of computer (Hardware, Software, c) Human ware and Firmware), Advantages and Limitations of computer, Block diagram of computer, Function of different units of computer,
- d) Classification of computer (i) On the basis of technology (Digital, Analog and Hybrid) (ii) On the basis of processing speed and storage capacity (Micro, Mini, Mainframe and Super) (iii). On the basis of Purpose (General & Special) Different Generation of computers (I to V), Types of software (System and Application)

MODULE II- CREDIT 1

1.Input and Output Devices:

- a) Keyboard, Mouse, Joystick, Digitizer, Scanner, MICR, OCR, OMR, Light Pen, Touch Screen, BarCode Reader, Voice Input Device, Monitor and its type (VGA, SVGA and XGA), Printer and its type (Impact and Non-Impact with example), Plotter
- b) Computer Memory: Primary Memory (ROM and its types – PROM, EPROM, EEPROM, RAM) Secondary memory- SASD, DASD Concept, Magnetic Disks – Floppy disks, Hard disks, Magnetic Tape, Optical disks– CD ROM and its types (CD ROM, CD ROM-R, CD ROM-EO, DVD ROM Flash Memory)

MODULE III- CREDIT 1

1.Operating System Concept:

- a) Introduction to operating system; Function of OS, Types of operating systems, Booting, Procedure, Start-up sequence, Details of basic system configuration,
- b) Important terms like Directory, File, Volume, Label, Drive name, etc.
- c) Introduction to GUI using Windows Operating System: All Directory Manipulation: Creating directory, Sub directory, Renaming, Copying and Deleting the directory File Manipulation: Creating a file, deleting, copying, renaming a file.

MODULE IV- CREDIT 1

1. Concept of Data Communication and Networking:

2. Networking concepts, Types of Networks (LAN, MAN, WAN), Communication Media, Mode of Transmission (Simplex, Half Duplex and Full Duplex), Analog and Digital Work with NGO's

3. Documentary film on 'Hath se hath mila' was screened with famous cine actress Ms. Urmila Martondkar which was telecasted on DD1 concerning awareness on HIV Aids patients rights.
4. Guided various projects undertaken by students with Human Rights Organisation such as Maharashtra State Human Rights Commission and National Human Rights Commission.
5. Organized various Legal Aid Camps at nearby villages of Pune City to create legal awareness Work with NGO's
6. DBMS Models and Concept of keys; Data Security concepts

Text Books:

1. Turban, Rainer and Potter (2003). Introduction to Information Technology. John Wiley & Sons.
2. Saini, A.K. and Pradeep Kumar (2003). Computer Applications in Management, Anmol Publications, N. Delhi.
3. ITL Education Solutions Ltd. (2005), Introduction to Information Technology, Pearson Education.

References:

1. Sinha, Kr. Pradeep and Preeti Sinha; Foundations of Computing, BPB Publication, Latest Edition.
2. William Sawyer, Hutchinson. Using Information Technology, Tata McGraw Hill, Fifth Ed.

Paper 4 - Subject: Human Resource Management

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objectives: The objective of the course is to familiarize students with the different aspects of managing Human Resources in the organization through the phases of acquisition, development and retention.

MODULE I- CREDIT 1

- a) Introduction: Concept, nature, scope, objectives and importance of HRM;
- b) Evolution of HRM; history of personnel/HRM.
- c) Challenges of HRM; Personnel Management vs HRM.
- d) Strategies for the New Millennium: Role of HRM in strategic management. TQM

MODULE II- CREDIT 1

- a) Acquisition of Human Resources: HR Planning;
- b) Job analysis – job description and job specification;
- c) Recruitment – sources and process; selection process – tests and interviews; placement and induction.
- d) Job changes – transfers, promotions/demotions.

MODULE III- CREDIT 1

- a) Training and Development: Concept and importance of training;
- b) need and objective for training, types of training; methods of training;
- c) design of training programme; evaluation of training effectiveness;
- d) executive development – process and techniques;

- e) career planning and development

MODULE IV- CREDIT 1

- a) Organisationaleffectiveness and culture.
- b) Compensation and Maintenance: Compensation.
- c) Performance and Potential appraisal –development oriented appraisal system, traditional and modern methods, limitations of performance appraisal methods, 360 degree appraisal technique;
- d) Maintenance: overview of employee welfare, health and safety, social security.
- e) Current status and future directions and development experiences in India.

Text Books:

1. Chhabra, T. N (2003), Human Resource Management; DhanpatiRai and Co. Pvt. Ltd New Delhi.
2. Dr. Gupta, C. B. (2003); Human Resource Management, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi

References:

1. Flippo, Edwin B., Personnel Management, Tata McGraw Hill, latest edition.
2. Rao, V.S. P. (2004), Human Resource Management, Test and Cases, Excel Books.
3. Aswathappa, K. (2003), Human Resource and Personnel Management (Text and Cases), Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi
4. Desler, Gary, Human Resource Management, Prentice Hall, latest edition.
5. D’Cenzo, David, A & Stephen P. Robbin, Personnel Human Resource Management, Prentice Hall of India, latest edition.
6. Beardwell, Ian & Len Holden, Human Resource Management, Macmillan, Delhi, latest edition.
7. PradeepRohilla APH Publishing Corporation, 4435-36/7, Ansari Road, Darya Ganj New Delhi-110 002.

Paper 5 -Subject:Practical Training D(Common Paper for Sem II and IV)

Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks

Objective-To understand the concept of environmental protection and preservation cases plays a very important role and therefore analysis of these cases are very important.

Supreme Court Cases On Environmental Laws.

1.Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India, Supreme Court ofIndia, Judgement of 25 January 1978, AIR 1978 SC 597.

2.Ratlam Municipality v. Vardhichand and Others, Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 29 July 1980, AIR 1980 SC

3.M. C. Mehta v. Union of India AIR 1987, Supreme Court Of India .

4. Rural Litigation and Entitlement Kendra, Dehradun v. State of Uttar Pradesh AIR, 1986

- 5.M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, Supreme Court of India,AIR 1988 SC 1037.**
- 6. Vellore Citizens' Welfare Forum v. Union of India,Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 28 August 1996,AIR 1996 SC 2716.**
- 7. T. N. Godavarman v. Union of India, Supreme Court ofIndia, Judgement of 12 December 1996, AIR 1997 SC 1228.**
- 8 . Indian Council for Enviro-Legal Action v. Union of India(Bichhri village industrial pollution case), Supreme Court ofIndia, Judgement of 13 February 1996, 1996 (3) SCC 212.**
- 9. M.C. Mehta v. Kamal Nath, Supreme Court of India,Judgement of 13 December 1996, 1997 (1) SCC 388.**
- 10. S. Jagannath v. Union of India and Others, Supreme Court ofIndia, Judgement of 11 December 1996, 1997 (2) SCC 87.**
- 11. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, Supreme Court of India,Judgement of 18 November 1997, 1998 (9) SCC 589.**
- 10.Andhra Pradesh Pollution Control Board v. Prof. M.V.Nayudu, Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 27January 1999, AIR 1999 SC 812.**
- 11. Narmada BachaoAndolan v. Union of India and Others,Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 18 October 2000,AIR 2000 SC 3753.27. 12. Ranauk International v. IVR Construction LTD. andOthers, Supreme Court of India, Judgement of 9December 1998, 1998 (6) SCALE 456.**
- 13.Mullaperiyar Environmental Protection Forum v. Union of India, 2006: This case concerned with the safety of a dam if the level of the water was to be raised. The court allowed the level to be raised in view of the fact that no danger was posed to human beings and the environment in doing so.**
- 14. Any other case after taking consent of concern teacher.**

PROPOSED REVISED SYLLABUS (w.e.f. 2013-2014)

B.B.A LL.B and LL.B

THIRD YEAR B.B.A. LL.B/ FIRST YEAR LL.B.

<u>Sr. No.</u>	<u>SUBJECT</u>	<u>CREDITS</u>
	Semester – V/I	
1	Introduction to Law and Legal Language	04
2	Contract Law - I	04
3	Constitutional Law	04
4	Indian Penal Code and Domestic Violence	04
5	Practical Training A	04
	Semester –VI/II	
1	Contract Law - II	04
2	Law of Torts and Consumer Protection Act.	04
3	Labour & Industrial Law	04
4	Optional Subject (Any One from the following)	04
	i. Taxation Law	04
	ii. Law of Co-operation	04
	iii. Legislative Drafting and Principles of Legislation	04
	iv. Criminology and Penology	04
	v. Insolvency	04
5	Practical Training Paper I (as per BCI Guidelines)	04

Optional Subjects shall be assigned on the availability of the faculty.

FOURTH YEAR B.B.A. LL.B/ SECOND YEAR LL.B.

<u>Sr. No.</u>	<u>SUBJECT</u>	<u>CREDITS</u>
	Semester – VII/III	
1	Environmental Law	04
2	Family – I	04
3	Company Law	04
4	Law Relating to Transfer of property and Easement	04
5	Practical Training B	04
	Semester –VIII/IV	
1	Administrative law	04
2	Family- II	04
3	Land Law	04
4	Optional Subject (Any One of the following)	04
	i. Insurance Laws	04
	ii. Banking Laws	04
	iii. Women & Law	04
	iv. Cyber Laws	04
	v. Media laws	04
5	Practical Training Paper – II (as per BCI guidelines)	04

Optional Subjects shall be assigned on the availability of the faculty.

FIFTH YEAR B.B.A, LL.B/ THIRD YEAR LL.B.

Sr. No.	SUBJECT	CREDITS
	Semester – IX/V	
1	Alternative Dispute Resolution	04
2	Criminal Procedure Code and Juvenile Justice Act	04
3	Law of Evidence	04
4	Public International Law & Human Rights	04
5	Practical Training C	04
	Semester –X/VI	
1	Interpretation of Statutes	04
2	Code of Civil Procedure and The Limitation Act.	04
3	Jurisprudence	04
4	Optional Subject (Any One from the following)	04
	i. Intellectual Property Law	04
	ii. Law & Medicine	04
	iii. Child and Law	04
	iv. Law relating to Corruption & Right to Information	04
	v. Law, Disability Rights & Law relating to old people	04
	v. Private International Law or Conflict of Law	04
	vi. International Trade Law	04
5.	Practical Training Paper–III (as per BCI guidelines)	04

Optional Subjects shall be assigned on the availability of the faculty.

**B.B.A LL.B THIRD YEAR Sem V
LL.B FIRST YEAR Sem I**

Paper 1 - Subject : Introduction to Law and Legal Language

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: The Objective of this course is to develop a student's capability to write and speak in English correctly.

Module – I: Credit 1

A.Grammar and Usage

1. Tense and Composition
2. Basic Transformations
 - a) Active/Passive
 - b) Negatives
 - c) Questions
3. Simple, Complex and Compound Sentences
4. Reported Speech
5. Some Common errors

Module – II : Credit 1

A.Comprehension and Composition

1. Reading Comprehension
2. Comprehension of Legal Texts
3. Paragraph and Precis writing
4. Formal Correspondence
5. Note Taking
6. Drafting of Reports and Projects
7. Abstracts

Module – III: Credit 1

- A.Legal Language
- B. Legal maxims
- C. Foreign words
- D.Drafting of moot memorials

Module – IV: Credit 1

A.Literature & Court

1. Common Hindi and Urdu words used in Courts
2. Translation from Hindi to English and Vice Versa

Reference-

1. Legal Language and Legal Writing – P.K. Mishra
2. English Grammar – Wren and Martin

References:

1. Legal Language, Writing and General English – J.S. Singh

Paper 2 - Subject : Law of Contract–I

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: The objective of this paper is to make students familiar with various principles of contract formation enunciated in the Indian Contract Act, 1872.

Module – I: Credit 1**A. Formation of Contract**

1. Meaning and nature of contract
2. Offer / Proposal
 - a) Definition
 - b) Communication
 - c) Revocation
 - d) General/ Specific offer
 - e) Invitation to treat
3. Acceptance
 - a) Definition
 - b) Communication
 - c) Revocation
 - d) Tenders/Auctions

Module – II: Credit 1**A. Consideration and Capacity**

1. Consideration
 - a) Definition
 - b) Essentials
 - c) Privity of contract
2. Capacity to enter into a contract
 - a) Minor's position
 - b) Nature / effect of minor's agreements

Module – III: Credit 1**A. Validity, Discharge and Performance of Contract**

1. Free Consent
2. Coercion, undue influence, Misrepresentation, Fraud, Mistake
3. Unlawful consideration and object
4. Effect of void, voidable, valid, illegal, unlawful and uncertain agreements contracts
5. Discharge of Contracts
6. Performance
7. Time and Place of performance
8. Impossibility of performance and frustration
9. Breach – Anticipatory & Present

Module – IV: Credit 1

A. Remedies and Quasi Contracts

1. Remedies
 - a) Damages
 - b) Kinds
 - c) Remoteness etc.
 - d) Injunction
 - e) Specific performance
 - f) Quantum Merit
2. Quasi Contracts (Sections 68-72)

Reference-:

1. Avtar Singh – Law of Contract and Specific Relief
2. Mulla - Law of Contract and Specific Relief

References:

1. Anson's - Law of Contract
2. Bangia - Law of Contract and Specific Relief
3. Cheshire and Fifoot - Law of Contract

Paper 3 - Subject : Constitutional Law

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: The objective of this paper is to provide understanding of basic concept of Indian Constitution and various organs created by the Constitution including their function and to orient students with constitutional rights and duties: and perspective as well as remedies.

Module – I: Credit 1

A. Constitution

1. Definition and Classification
2. Sources of Constitution
3. Salient features of Indian Constitution
4. Fundamental Rights
5. Directive Principles of State Policy & Fundamental Duties

Module – II: Credit 1

A. Distributive of Powers between Centre and States

1. Legislative Powers - Administrative Powers - Financial Power
2. Doctrine of Territorial Nexus – Doctrine of Harmonious Construction – Doctrine of Pith and Substance – Doctrine of Repugnancy

Module – III: Credit 1

A. Constitutional Organs

1. Parliament
2. Parliamentary Sovereignty
3. Parliamentary Privileges
4. Executive Power
5. Collective Responsibility of Cabinet

6. Judiciary-Jurisdiction of Supreme Court and High Courts
7. Independence of Judiciary
8. Public Interest Litigation
9. Power of Judicial Review

Module – IV: Credit 1

A. Other Provisions of Indian Constitution

1. Emergency Provisions
2. Amendment of Constitution, Doctrine of Basic Structure,
3. Right to Property and Freedom of Trade & Commerce
4. Bill & Types of Bill

Bare Act

1. The Constitution of India, 1950

Books

1. D.D. Basu, Shorter Constitution of India, 2001 Wadhwa, Nagpur
2. H.M. Seervai, Constitution of India, Tripathi Bombay
3. V.N. Shukla, Constitution of India, Eastern Book Co. Lko.
4. M.P. Jain, Constitution of India, Wadhwa Nagpur
5. B.K. Sharma, Introduction to Constitution of India, Prentice Hall. Bakshi

Paper 4 - Subject: Indian Penal Code and Domestic Violence

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: The objectives of this paper is to deal with the basic principles of criminal law determining criminal liability, punishment & the substantive crimes under the Indian Penal Code as well as various provisions of Domestic Violence Act.

Module – I: Credit 1

A. Introduction to Substantive Criminal Law & Exceptions

1. Introduction to Substantive Criminal Law
 - a) Extent and operation of the Indian Penal Code
 - b) Definition of Crime
 - c) Fundamental elements of crime
 - d) Stages in commission of a crime
 - f) Intention, Preparation, Attempt
2. General Explanations and Exceptions
 - a) Definitions
 - b) Constructive joint liability
 - c) Mistake
 - d) Judicial and Executive acts
 - e) Accident
 - f) Necessity
 - g) Infancy
 - h) Insanity

- i) Intoxication
- j) Consent
- k) Good faith
- l) Private defence
- 3. Abetment
- 4. Criminal Conspiracy

Module – II: Credit 1

A.Theories of Punishment, Concept of Punishment& Domestic Violence Act

- 1. Theories: Deterrent, Retributive, Preventive, Expiatory and Reformatory Theory
- 2. Punishment under the IPC: Fine, Imprisonment, Capital Punishment
- 3. Domestic Violence Act

Module – III: Credit 1

A.Offences against the Human body & Women

- 1. Offences against the Human body
 - a) Offences affecting life, causing miscarriage, or injuries to unborn children
 - b) Offences of hurt, of wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement
 - c) Offences of criminal force and Assault, offences of kidnapping and Abduction
- 2. Offences against Women
 - a) Obscene acts and songs
 - b) Outraging the modesty of women
 - c) Rape
 - d) Cruelty by husband or relatives of husband
 - e) Offences relating to marriage

Module – IV: Credit 1

A.Offences against Property, Reputation& Documents

- 1. Offences against Property
 - a) Theft, Extortion, robbery and decoity
 - b) Criminal misappropriation and criminal breach of trust
 - c) Cheating
 - d) Mischief
 - e) Criminal trespass
- 2. Offences against Reputation
 - a) Defamation
- 3. Offences against Documents
 - a) Forgery
 - b) Counterfeiting

Text books:

- 1. Ratanlal&Dhirajlal – The Indian Penal Code
- 2. H.S. Gaur – Penal Law of India

References:

- 1. Glanville Williams – Textbook of criminal law
- 2. Russel on Crime

Essential Case Law:

- 1. Barendra Kumar Ghosh v. King Emperor – AIR 1925 PC
- 2. Moti Singh v. State of U.P. – AIR 1964 SC 900
- 3. Joginder Singh v. State of Punjab – AIR 1979 SC 1876

4. Basdev v. Stat of Pepsu – AIR 1956 SC 488
5. State of Gujrat v. KousaraMonilal – AIR 1964 SC 1893
6. State of Maharashtra v. M H George – AIR 1965 SC 722
7. Sarjoo Prasad v. State of U.P. – AIR 1961 SCC 631
8. State of West Bengal v. ShewMangal Singh – AIR 1981 SC 1917
9. SheoNarain v. State of rajasthan – 199(2) Crimes 169 (Raj)
10. Delhi Judicial Service Association, Tis Hazari Court v. State of Gujrat AIR 1991 SC 2176
11. M Naughton’s Case – (1843) 4St Tr (NS) 847
12. Paras Ram v. State of Punjab – (1981) 2 SCC 508
13. Puran Singh v. State of Punjab – AIR 1975 SC 1674
14. Wassan Singh v. State of Punjab – 1996 Cr LJ 878 SC
15. SukarooKabiraj v. Express – 1877 ILR (14) Cal 566
16. RupanDeol Bajaj v. KPS Gill – AIR 1996 SC 309
17. Kanwar Singh v. Delhi Administration – AIR 1965 SC 871
18. Jaidev v. State of Punjab – AIR 1963 SC 612 (617)
19. AbyanandMisra v. State of Bihar – AIR 1961 SC 1698
20. Sudhir Kumar Mukherjee v. State of W.B. – AIR 1973 SC 2655
21. State of Maharashtra v. Mohd. Yahub
22. R v. shivpuri – 1986 2 All El 334
23. Mahaboob Shah v. King Emperor – AIR 1945 pc 118
24. B.N. Shreekantiah v. Mysore State AIR 1958 SC 672
25. PandurangTukia v. State of Hyberabad – AIR 1955 SC 216
26. ShreekantiahRamayya v. State of Bombay - AIR 1955 SC 287
27. HaradhanChakrabarty v. Union of India – AIR 1990 SC 1210
28. BimbadharPradhan v. State of Orissa - AIR 1956 SC 469
29. Kehar Singh v. State (Delhi Administrator) – AIR 1988 SC 1883
30. State of T. N v. Nalini – AIR 1999 SC 2640
31. C.B.I. v. V.C. Shukla – AIR 1998 SC 1406
32. 2. Govinda’s Case – (1876), Bom 342
33. State of A.P. v. R. Punnayya – 1977 Cr LJ 1(SC)
34. K.M. Nanavati v. State of Moharashtra – 1962 (Bom) LR 488 (SC) - AIR 1962 SC 605
35. Bachan Singh v. State of Punjab (1980) 2 SCC 684
36. ShashiNayar v. Union of India – 992 Cr LJ 514
37. Virsa Singh v. State of Punjab – AIR 1958 SC 465
38. Harjinder Singh v. Delhi Administration – AIR 1968 SC 867
39. Mahesh Balmiki v. State of M.P. – 2000 (1) SCC 319
40. Tukaram v. State of mahrashtra – AIR 1979 SC 185
41. State of Punjab v. Gurmit Singh – AIR 1996 SC 1393
42. BodhisattwaGautam v. Miss SubhraChakrabarty – AIR 1996 SC 922
43. State OF MADRASv. Vardarajan – AIR 1965 SC 942
44. State of Haryana v. Raja Ram – AIR 1973 SC 819
45. Vishwanath v. State of U.P. – AIR 1960 SC 67
46. State of HP v. Nikku Ram – 1995 Cri LJ 4184 (SC)
47. P. Rathinam v. Union of India – AIR 1994 SC 1844
48. GianKaur v. State of Punjab State – AIR 1996 SC 946

Paper 5 - Subject : Practical Training A

Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credit)

MODULE –I: Credits 2

Students shall select any two cases from given list or latest supreme court or high courts verdict on social issues . They have to critically evaluate and make references of other similar cases for the same.

List of Case Study-

- 1) R.K. Dalmia v. Justice Tendulkar AIR 1958 S.C. 538
- 2) S.R. Bommai v. Union of India, 1994(3) S.C.C. 1
- 3) A.D.M. Jabalpur v. Shiv Shankar Shukla, 1976 Suppl. S.C.R. 172
- 4) India Cements Ltd & Anr v. State of Tamil Nadu, 1990 (1) S.C.C. 12
- 5) A.P. Sampoorna Madhya Nished Samithi & Ors. v. State of A.P., AIR 1997 A.P. 312
- 6) U.N. Rao v. Indira Gandhi, AIR 1971 S.C. 1002
- 7) Keshavanad Bharati v. State of Kerala, 1976(2) S.C.R. 347, 523

- 8) K.M. Nanavati v. State of Moharashtra – 1962 (Bom) LR 488 (SC) - AIR 1962 SC 605
- 9) Bachan Singh v. State of Punjab (1980) 2 SCC 684
- 10) Shashi Nayar v. Union of India – 992 Cr LJ 514
- 11) Virsa Singh v. State of Punjab – AIR 1958 SC 465
- 12) Harjinder Singh v. Delhi Administration – AIR 1968 SC 867
- 13) Mahesh Balmiki v. State of M.P. – 2000 (1) SCC 319
- 14) Tukaram v. State of Maharashtra – AIR 1979 SC 185
- 15) Bodhisattwa Gautam v. Miss Subhra Chakrabarty – AIR 1996 SC 922

16). Latest Cases of the Supreme Court and High Courts in India.

MODULE- II: Credits 2

Research Project on an important socio-legal Topic. Students shall select three topics and get approval from concern teacher .Research will be done on one selected topic and will be of 50 pages and presentation of the same.

Distribution of Marks –

- 1. Contents-10**
- 2. Originality-10**
- 3. Critical Evaluation-05**
- 4. Suggestions-10**
- 5. Conclusion-05**
- 6. Presentation of Paper-10**

**B.B.A LL.B THIRD YEAR Sem VI
LL.B FIRST YEAR Sem II**

Paper 1 - Subject: Law of Contract – I I

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: This paper is to impart knowledge of various special contract, law of agency and partnership and specific reliefs.

MODULE- I: Credit 1

A. Indemnity and Guarantee/Bailment and Pledge

- a. Meaning, Distinction between Indemnity and Guarantee
- b. Right / Duties of Indemnifier, Indemnified and Surety
- c. Discharge of Surety
- d. Kinds of Guarantee

B. Bailment and Pledge

- a. Meaning and Distinction
- b. Rights and Duties of Bailor/Bailee, Pawnor/Pawnee
- c. Lien
- d. Termination of Bailment

MODULE- II: Credit 1

A. Agency

- a. Definitions of Agent and Principal
- b. Essentials of relationship of agency
- c. Creation of agency: by agreement, ratification and law.
- d. Relation of principal / agent, subagent and substituted agent
- e. Termination of agency

MODULE- III: Credit 1

A. Specific Relief Act, 1963

- a. Recovery of property
- b. Specific performance of contracts
- c. Injunctions – Temporary and Perpetual, Mandatory

MODULE- IV: Credit 1

A. The Indian Partnership Act, 1932

- a. Nature of partnership firm
- b. Relations of partners to one another and outsiders
 - i. Rights /Duties of partners inter se
 - ii. Partnership Property
 - iii. Relations of Partners to third parties
 - iv. Liability for holding out
 - v. Minor as a partner
- c. Incoming and outgoing partners

- d. Dissolution
 - i By consent,
 - ii By agreement,
 - iii compulsory dissolution,
 - iv contingent dissolution,
 - v By notice,
 - vi By Court.
 - vii Consequences of dissolution
 - viii Registration of firms and effects of non registration

Text Books:

1. Avtar Singh, Law of Contract and Specific Relief
2. R.K. Bangia, Law of Contracts

References:

1. Pullock & Mulla, Indian Contract and Specific Relief Acts
2. Avtar Singh - Law of Partnership
3. K. Sukumaran, Pollock & Mulla - The Indian Partnership Act

Paper 2 - Subject: Law of Torts and Consumer Protection Act

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (Module I and II consist of one credit each and Module III consist of 2 credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: This paper is to make students understand the nature of tort and conditions of liability with reference to established case law. Further, it covers the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.

Module – I : Credit 1

A. Introduction to Law of Torts

1. Definition, Nature & scope of Tort
2. Development of Tort
3. Tort distinguished from Contract, Crime and Breach of Trust
4. Cyber tort

B. Essentials of Tort

1. Wrongful Act
2. Legal Damage
3. Damnum sine Injuria
4. Injuria sine Damnum
5. Legal Remedy- Ubi jus ibi remedium
6. Mental Element in Tort
7. Motive, Intention, Malice and its Kinds
8. Malfeasance, Misfeasance and non-feasance

Module – II : Credit 1

A. Justification of Tort, Capacity & General Defences

1. Justification of Tort
 - a) Volenti non fit injuria
 - b) Act of God

- c) Inevitable accidents
- d) Plaintiff's default
- e) Private defence
- f) Judicial and Quasi-Judicial Act
- 2. Parental and Quasi-Parental authority
- 3. Personal Capacity
- 4. Who can not sue
- 5. Who can not be sued
- 6. General Remedies in Tort
 - a) Damages and its kinds
 - b) Judicial and Extra Judicial Remedies
- 7. Remoteness of Damage (In Re Prolemis & Wagon Mount Case)
- 8. Joint Tortfeasors

Module – III : Credit 2

A. Remedies and Damages

- 1. Vicarious Liability
- 2. Tort against persons
 - a) Assault
 - b) Battery
 - c) False Imprisonment
 - d) Defamation (Libel, slander and Law relating to Privileges)
- 3. Law affecting property
 - a) Trespass to land
 - b) Trespass ab initio
 - c) Trespass to goods
- 4. Negligence
- 5. Nuisance
- 6. Absolute & strict liability
- 7. Consumer Protection Act, 1986.

Books

- 1. Salmond & Heuston - On the Law of Torts (2000), Universal, Delhi
- 2. D.D. Basu, The Law of Torts (1982) Kamal, Calcutta.
- 3. Winfield & Jolowiz on Tort (1999) Sweet and Maxwell, London
- 4. Ratan Lal & Dhiraj Law - The Law of Torts (1997) Universal, Delhi
- 5. R.K. Bangia, Law of Torts

Essential Case Laws

- 1. Bhim Singh v. State of J & K and Others
- 2. Rudul Sah v. State of Bihar
- 3. Rylands v. Fletcher 1868 LR HL 330
- 4. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India 1987 1 SCC 395
- 5. Union Carbide Corporation v. Union of India AIR 1989 SC 248
- 6. Donoghue v. Stevenson 1932 SC 31
- 7. State of Rajasthan v. Mst. Vidyawati & Others AIR 1962 SC 10398. M/s Kasturilal Ralia Ram Jain v. State of U.P. AIR 1965 SC 1039
- 9. Cassidy v. Daily Mirror Newspapers Ltd.
- 10. Bird v. Jones 1845 7 QB 742
- 11. Lucknow Development Authority v. M.K. Gupta, (1949) ISCC 243.

12. A.C. Modagi v. cCrosswell Tailor, (1991) II CPJ 586
13. Indian Medical Assn. v. V.P. Shantha (1995) 6 SCC 651
14. Consumer Unity and Trust society v. St. of Rajasthan (1991) II CPJ 56 Raj.
15. PoonamVerma v. Ashwin Patel (1996) 4SCC 332
16. LaxmiEngg. Works v. P.S.G. Indutrial Institute, AIR (1995) SC 1428
17. Spring Meadows Hospital v. HarjolAhluwalia, AIR (1998) SC 1801
18. Morgan Stanley Mutual Fund v. Kartick Das (1994) 4SCC 225

Paper 3 - Subject: Labour and Industrial Law

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credits)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: This paper focuses on various aspect of management of labour relation and dispute settlement bodies and techniques.

Module I : Credit 2

A.Trade Unions and Collective Bargaining

- a. Trade Unionism in India
- b. Definition of trade union and trade dispute
- c. Registration of trade unions
 - i) Legal status of registered trade union
 - ii) Mode of registration
 - iiiiv) Cancellation and dissolution of trade union
 - v) vi) Amalgamation and dissolution of trade union
- d. General and Political funds of trade union
- f. Civil and Criminal Immunities of Registered trade unions
- g Collective bargaining

B. Standing Orders

- a. Concept and nature of standing orders
- b. Scope and coverage of the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946
- c. Certification process
 - i) procedre for certification
 - ii) appeals against certification
 - iii) Condition for certification
 - iv) Date of operation of standing orders
 - v) Building nature and effect of certified standing orders
 - vi) Posting of standing orders
- d. Modification and temporary application of model Standing Orders
- e. Interpretation and enforcement of Standing Orders
- f. Penalties and procedure

C.Resolution of Industrial Dispute

- a. Industrial dispute
- b. Arena of interaction and Participants– Industry, workman and employer
- c. Settlement of industrial dispute

D. Conciliation Machinery

- a.Works Committee
- b.Conciliation Officer
- c.Board of Conciliation
- d. Court of Enquiry

Adjudication Machinery

- a. Labour Court,
- b. Industrial Tribunal and
- c. National Tribunal
- d. Unfair Labour Practice

Module - II : Credits 2

A. Instruments of Economic Coercion

- a. Strike and its types
- b. lock-outs
- c. Lay-off
- d. Retrenchment
- e. Closure
- f. Procedure for retrenchment and re-employment of retrenched workmen and penalty
- g. Disciplinary action and domestic enquiry
- f. Notice of change

B. Factories Act, 1948.

- a. Concept of “factory”, “manufacturing process” “worker” and “occupier”
- b. General duties of occupier
- c. Measures to be taken in factories for health, safety and welfare of workers
- d. Working hours of adults
- e. Employment of young person and children
- f. Annual leave with wages
- g. Additional provisions regulating employment of women in factory

C. Maternity Benefit Act, 1961

References-

1. S.C. Srivastava, Commentaries on factories Act, 1948, Universal Law Publishing House, Delhi

2. H.L. Kumar, Workmen’s Compensation Act, 1923

Text books:

1. Statutory Material - Trade Union Act, 1926, Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 and Industrial Dispute Act, 1947

2. S.C. Srivastava, Industrial Relations and Labour Law, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi

References:

1. O.P. Malhotra, Industrial Disputes Act, Vol. I & II

2. Indian Law Institute – Cases and Materials on Labour Law and Labour Relations

Optional papers will be according to the availability of the Professors.

Paper 4- Subject: Criminology and Penology 100 Marks

(Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credits)

(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)

Objective- the Object of this paper is to discuss the causative factors of crime and treatment to criminals and victims.

Module –I : Credit 2

A. Criminology

- a. Definition
- b. Nature and scope of criminology and penology and
- c. The nature and extent of crime in India
- d. The concept of crime and characteristic of criminal Law
- e. Determination and differential of crime
- f. The criminal - who is a criminal?
- g. Whether criminology is a science?
- h. Objective of criminal justice system.
- i. Cyber Crimes

B. Schools of criminology

- a. The Classical school and Neo-classical School
- b. Cartographic
- c. Socialist
- d. Typological
- e. Lombrosian
- f. Sociological and socio-psychological

C. Prevalence of crime

- a. Study of crime and criminal justice
- b. Identification of the causes of crime – multiple causation of crime.
- c. Alcoholism & Drug Addiction
- d. Sex Crimes
- e) Women & Crime
- f). Approaches to crime problem
- g) Focus on individual and environment
- h) Victimology

D. Role and function of police

- a. In action
- b. Police goals, objectives and functions
- c. National Police Commission (recommendations)
- d. Appointment of Police commissioner
- e. Judicial Powers (Executive)
- f. Organised crimes
- g. Rights of victims
- h. Protection of the accused

Module II : Credit 2

A. Imprisonment and Re-socialization process:

- a. History of Prisons
- b. Aims and objectives, and conditions
- c. Types of prisons
- d. i. Success and failure of prisons
- ii. Discipline and control
- e. Open air institutions
- f. Probation and parole.

B. Prison reform

- 1. Prison work
- 2. Education
- 3. Schools and reformations
- 4. Rights of prisoners (contribution of the Supreme Court)

C. Prevention of crime and Delinquency

- a. Problem of Juvenile Delinquency
- b. Causes of Juvenile Delinquency
- c. Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act with latest amendments.
- d. Punitive approach
- e. Defence approach
- f. Interventionist approach - prevention policies,
Intervention, mechanical approach, Clinical approach

D. White collar crime

- a. Nature and definition
- b. Types of white collar crime and development
- c. Legislation to meet white collar crimes
- d. Judicial trends
- e. recidivism

Reference-

- 1.Siddique Ahmed, Criminology
- 2.Sethna M J, Society and the Criminal
- 3.Sirohi J P S, Criminology and Criminal Administration
- 4.Para jape N V, Criminology and Penology
- 5.MehtaRohinton, Crime and Criminology
6. Sutherland E H, and Cressy D R, Principles ofCriminology
- 7.Sutherland E H, White Collar Crime
- 8.Reckless W C. The Crime Problem
- 9.BhudhanVidya, Prison System in India
10. Mulla Committee Report (1983)

Paper 5 - Subject: Practical Training- I

Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (Module I consists of 3 credits and Module II consists of 1 Credit)

Module- I : Credits 3

A.Practical Training -I

- 1) Professional Ethics
- 2) Advocacy of Lawyers
- 3) Bar Bench relation
- 4) The Contempt Law &Practice
- 5) Selected opinion of the Disciplinary Committee of Bar Council of India & major judgements of the Supreme Court on the subject

Module –II : Credit 1

B.Viva

References-

- 1.Sunil Sharma, Professional Ethics

2.Mr. Krishnamurthy Iyer , Book on Advocacy

PROPOSED REVISED SYLLABUS (w.e.f. 2014-2015)

B.B.A LL.B FOURTH YEAR Sem VII

LL.B SECOND YEAR Sem III

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the environmental issues and the measures taken for its protection alongwith the norms prevailing at international and national level.

Paper 1 - Subject : Environmental Law

Module - I : Credit 2

1.Environmental Law: International and National Perspective

- a) Introduction
 - i. Environment – Meaning
 - ii.Environment Pollution – Meaning and Issues
- b) International Norms
 - i.Sustainable Development – Meaning and Scope
 - ii. Precautionary Principle
 - iii. Polluter pays Principle
- c) Constitutional Guidelines
 - i.Right to Wholesome Environment – Evolution and Application
 - ii. Relevant Provisions – Art. 14, 19 (1) (g), 21, 48-A, 51-A(g)
 - iii.Environment Protection through Public Interest Litigation
- d) Other Laws
 - i. Law of Torts
 - ii. Law of Crimes
 - iii. Environmental Legislations
- e) Stock Holm Conference
- f) Earth Summit

Module –II : Credit 1

1.Prevention and Control of Water and Air Pollution

- a. **The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974**
 - i. Water Pollution - Definition
 - ii. Central and State Pollution Control Boards – Constitution, Powers and Functions

- iii. Water Pollution Control Areas
- iv. Sample of effluents – Procedure; Restraint order
- v. Consent requirement – Procedure, Grant/Refusal, Withdrawal
- vi. Citizen Suit Provision

- b. **Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981**
 - i. Air Pollution – Definition
 - ii. Central and State Pollution Control Boards – Constitution, Powers and functions
 - iii. Air Pollution Control Areas
 - iv. Consent Requirement – Procedure, Grant/Refusal, Withdrawal
 - v. Sample of effluents – Procedure; Restraint order
 - vi. Citizen Suit Provision

Module – III : Credit 1

1. Protection of Forests and Wild Life

- a. **Indian Forest Act, 1927**
 - i. Kinds of forest – Private, Reserved, Protected and Village Forests
 - ii. The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980
- b. **The Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972**
 - i. Authorities to be appointed and constituted under the Act
 - ii. Hunting of Wild Animals
 - iii. Protection of Specified Plants
 - iv. Protected Area
 - v. Trade or Commerce in wild animals, animal articles and trophies; Its prohibition.

Module – IV : Credit 1

c. General Environmental Legislations

- i. **Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986**
 - i. Meaning of ‘Environment’, ‘Environment Pollutant’, ‘Environment Pollution’
 - ii. Powers and Functions of Central Govt.
 - iii. Citizen Suit Provision
- ii. Principle of ‘No fault’ and ‘Absolute Liability’
 - i. Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991
 - ii. The National Environment Tribunal Act, 1995
- d. **The National Appellate Environmental Authority Act, 1997**
 - i. Constitution, powers and functions
- e. **Global Warming, Climate Change, Ozone Depletion and Carbon Credit**

References-

1. Environmental Law & Policy in India – ShyamDiwan, Armin Rosencranz
2. Environmental Law in India – P. Leelakrishnan
- 3.. The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974
4. The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
- 5.. The Indian Forest Act, 1927
6. The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980
7. The Wild Life Protection Act, 1972
8. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986
9. The Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991
10. The National Environment Tribunal Act, 1995
11. The National Environment Appellate Authority Act, 1997
12. Environmental Law in India – Gurdip Singh
13. Environmental Administration, Law and Judicial Attitude – ParasDiwan, PeeyushiDiwan

Essential Case Law:

1. Subhash Kumar v. State of Bihar, AIR 1991 SC 420
2. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, AIR 1997 SC 734
3. M.C. Mehta v. Kamal Nath, AIR 2000 SC 1997
4. M/s Abhilash Textiles v. Rajkot Municipal Corprn., AIR 1988 Guj. 57
5. Indian Council for Enviro-Legal Action v. Union of India, AIR 1996 SC 1446
6. Vellore Citizen Welfare Forum v. Union of India, AIR 1996 SC 2715
7. A.P. Pollution Control Board v. M.V. Nayudu, AIR 1999 SC 812
8. Narmada BachaoAndolen v. Union of India, AIR 2000 SC 3751
9. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, AIR 2002 SC 1696
10. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, AIR 1988 SC 1037
11. M.c. Mehta v. Union of India, AIR 1988 SC 1115
12. M/S. Delhi Bottling Co. Pvt. Ltd. v. Central Board for the Prevention and Control of Water Pollution, AIR 1986 Del. 152
13. Tata Tea Ltd. v. State of Kerala, 1984 K.L.T. 645
14. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, AIR 2001 SC 1948
15. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, 1998 (4) SCALE 196
16. Orissa State Pollution Control Board v. M/s. Orient paper Mills, AIR 2003 SC 1966
17. Tarun Bharat Singh v. Union of India (1994) 2 SCALE 68
18. T.N. GodavarmanThirumulkpad v. Union of India, AIR 1998 SC 769
19. Vellore Citizens Welfare Forum v. Union of India, AIR 1996 SC 2715
20. S. Jagannath v. Union of India, AIR 1997 SC 811
21. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, AIR 2002 SC 1696
22. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, AIR 1987 SC 965
23. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, AIR 1987 SC 982
24. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, AIR 1987 SC 1086
25. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, (Relocation of Industries in Delhi), AIR 1996 SC 2231
26. A.P. Pollution Control Board v. M.V. Nayudu, AIR 1999 SC 812.

Paper 2 Subject : Family Law- I

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (Module I and III consists of one credit and II consist of two credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective- The objective of the paper is to apprise the students with the laws relating to family matters applicable to different communities in India.

Module I- Credit 1

A. Mohammedan Law

- 1) Sources
- 2) Schools
- 3) Shariat Act,1937
- 4) Marriage
- 5) Dower
- 6) Divorce
- 7) Maintenance
- 8) Legitimacy & Parentage
- 9) Guardianship
- 10) Muslim Women(Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act including all new amendments

Module II, Credit 2

A.Indian Succession Act (Section 1 to 166 only)

Module III, Credit 1

A.Christian Marriage Act & Divorce Act

B. Parsi Marriage & Divorce Act

Recommended Readings:

- 1.ParasDiwan , Law of Intested& Testamentary Succession
- 2.BasuNd., Law of Succession
- 3.Kusem, Marriage & Divorce Law Manual
- 4.Machanda S C , Law &Practiceof Divorce in India
- 5.Shivaramayya, Inequalities and the Law
- 6.K.C. Daiya, Population Control through family planning in India, India Journal of Legal Studiest
- 7.J.D.M. Derrett, Death of Marriage Law

- 8.A.A.A. Fyzee, outline of Mohammedan Law
- 9.S.T Desai, Mulla's Principles of Mohammedan Law
- 10.ParasDiwan, Family Law: Law of Marriage and Divorce in India

Paper 3 Subject : Company Law

Objective- The paper aims to provide insight into formation and winding up of companies besides Corporate Administration.

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Module - I : Credit 2

1. Introductory :

Definition and characteristics of company, lifting of corporate veil, company and partnership firm, classes of companies.

2. Corporation

- a. Theories of corporate personality
- b. Majority rule and protection of minority rights:
Foss V/s Harbottle case.

3. Formation of company :

Registration, documents to be filed with the registrar, Promoter, pre-incorporation contracts. Company and partnership firm.

Kinds of companies – Public companies, private companies, Government companies, Holding and subsidiary companies etc.

4. Memorandum of association :

Meaning, purpose, form, contents and clauses.
Alteration, doctrine of ultra-vires.

5. Articles of Association :

Meaning, purpose, form, contents, alterations.
Doctrine of constructive notice and indoor management, relation between Memorandum and Article.

6. Prospectus :

Definition, contents, registration, effects of misstatement, Penalty, Statement in lieu of prospectus.

7. Membership in a Company :

Members and shareholders, qualifications, modes of Becoming member, cessation of membership rights and liabilities, register of members, index of members.

8.Share Capital :

Meaning, Kinds, alterations, reductions of share capital, voting rights,
Buy back of shares.

Module -II : Credits 2

9.Shares :

Definition, nature, types, issues, allotment of share, share transfer, surrender, forfeiture, transmission of shares, share certificate, Share warrant and dividends.

10. Director - Management and Administration :

Position of director, appointment , qualification and disqualification, restriction on appointment, duties and liabilities, vacation of office, removal – resignation.

Powers and duties of director. Audit and accounts. Board of director and kinds of director.

11. Borrowing Powers :

Debentures: kinds of debentures, creation of charges, mortgages.

Fixed and floating charges, effects of winding up on Floating charge.

12. Meetings :

Meaning, Kinds of Meeting, Notice of Meetings, contents of notice, conduct of Meeting, quorum, minutes, proxies, voting and poll resolutions, kinds of resolutions, appointment of auditor, powers, rights and liabilities of auditor.

13. Prevention of Oppression and mismanagement :

Meaning, who can apply to company law board, powers of company law board and central government.

14. Merger and amalgamation

Compromises and arrangements reconstruction and Amalgamation.

15. Winding up :

Meaning, types of Winding up, petition for winding up, commencement of winding up

Liquidator : his rights duties and liabilities Creditors, consequences of winding up, dissolution of company.

Latest amendments in Indian company law.

Books Recommended

1. The Companies 1956 as amended up to the date
2. S. M. Shah : Lectures on Company Law
3. AvtarSingh : Indian Company Law
4. Dutta on Company Law
5. N. D. Kapoor on Company Law
6. Palmer's Company Law, Stevens, London.

Paper 4 - Subject : Law relating to Transfer of Property & Easement

Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (Module one consist of two credits& Module two consist of two credits) (25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)

Objective: The Objective of this paper is to focus on the concept and classification of property as well as principles governing transfer of immovable property.

Module - I : Credits 2

A. Concept of Property

- a. Concept & meaning of property
- b. Kinds of Property

- i) Movable & Immovable property
- ii) Tangible & Intangible property, Intellectual Property etc.

B. Law Relating to transfer of property & Easement Law

a. General Principles relating to Transfer of Property

- i) Transferability of property
- ii) Conditions restricting transfer
- iii) Definition of transfer of property
- iv) Transfer to an unborn person and rule against perpetuity
- v) Vested and Contingent interest
- vi) Rule of Election

b. General Principles Governing Transfer of Immoveable Property (Lectures– 10)

- i. Transfer by ostensible owner
- ii. Rule of feeding the grant by estoppel
- iii. Rule of Lispendens
- iv. Fraudulent transfer
- v. Rule of part performance

Module -II : Credits 2

A. Specific Transfers

- i. Sale
- ii. Mortgage
- iii. Charge
- iv. Lease
- v. Exchange
- vi. Gift
- vi. Actionable Claim

B. Easement Law

- a. Nature, Characteristics Suspension ,Revival & Extinction
- b. Kinds of Easement and Creation of Easement
- c. Riparian Rights
- d. License
- e. Distinction between Easement and Licence.

References-

1. Mulla D.F. – Transfer of property
2. H.N. Tiwari – Transfer of property Act
3. Shukla – Transfer of Property
4. Vepa Sarathi-Transfer of Property

Paper -5 Subject: Practical Training B

Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (Module one consist of two credits& Module two consist of two credits)

Module – I : Credits 2

1. Moot Court

Every Student should participate in at least two Moot Court . The moot Court work will be assigned problems by concern teacher or student will select with approval of the teacher.

Module – II : Credits 2

Student will maintain a Journal for the semester work , which includes guest lectures and other programmers organized by the Law School or Seminars , Conferences and other academic activities with permission of the head of the Law School and submit to concern teacher on the date decided by Law School.

B.B.A LL.B. FOURTH YEAR Sem. VII
LL.B. SECOND YEAR Sem. III

Paper 1 - Subject : Administrative Law

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (Each Module consist of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for External)**

Objective: The purpose of this paper is to make students aware of various aspects of administrative law including quasi-legislative, quasi-judicial and other ministerial functions of administration and control thereof.

Module – I : Credit 1

1. Evolution, nature & Scope of Administrative Law

- a. Nature, Scope and Development of Administrative Law
 - a. From a Laissez- fair to a welfare state
 - b. Need of Administrative law
 - c. Definitions & scope of Administrative Law
 - d. Relationship between Constitutional Law & Administrative Law
 - e. Evolution of Agencies for settlement of disputes between individuals & Administration
 - i) Regulatory agencies in United States
 - ii) Conseil d' Etate
 - f. Tribunalization in America
 - g. Tribunals under Article 323-A & 323-B Of the Indian Constitution Rule of law & its significance in India
 - h. Separation of powers and its relevance in India
 - i. Administrative Law vis-à-vis privatization
 - j. Classification of functions of Administration

Module – II : Credit 1

1. Legislative Functions of Administration

Legislative

ii. Judicial

iii. Procedural

d. Sub-delegation

Unit-III: Judicial Functions of Administration

- a. Need for devolution of adjudicatory authority on administration & their ad- hoc character
- b. Nature of tribunals – Constitution, powers, procedures, appeal & rules of evidence
- d. Principles of Natural Justice
 - i. Rule against bias
 - ii. Audi Alteram Partem
 - iii. Speaking Order or Reasoned decisions
 - iv Right to counsel
- e. Rules of evidence – no evidence, some evidence and substantial evidence

f. Institutional Decisions

Module – III : Credit 1

1. Administrative Discretion and Judicial Control of Administrative discretion

A. Administrative Discretion

- a. Need and its relationship with rule of law
- b. Constitutional imperatives and exercise of discretion
- c. Grounds of judicial review
 - i. Abuse of discretion
 - ii. Failure to exercise discretion
- d. Doctrine of legitimate expectations

B. Judicial Control of Administrative Action

- i. Introduction
- ii. Court as the final authority to determine the legality of administrative action
- iii. Locus standi
- iv. Laches
- v. Res judicata
- vi. Judicial review and its extent

C. Judicial Remedies

- i. Statutory appeals
- ii. Writs
- iii. Declaratory judgments and injunctions
- iv. Specific Performance & Civil Suits for Compensation

Module – IV : Credit 1

A. Corporations, Public Undertakings & Grievance Redressal by informal means

- a) Corporations & Public Undertakings State Monopoly- remedies against arbitrary action or for acting against public policy
- b) Liability of public and private corporations departmental undertakings
- c) Legislative & governmental control, Accountability Committee on Public Undertaking, Estimate Committee etc.

B. Informal Methods of Settlement of Dispute and Grievance Redressal Procedure

- 1) Conciliation & mediation through social action groups
- 2) Use of media, lobbying & public participation
- 3) Public inquiries and commissions of inquiry
- 4) Ombudsman, Lok pal & Lok Ayukta
- 5) Vigilance Commission
- 6) Congressional & Parliamentary committees

Text books:

1. Principles of Administrative Law – M.P. Jain & S.N. Jain
2. Administrative Law – I.P. Massey

References:

1. Administrative Law – Wade
2. Lectures on Administrative Law – C.K. Takwani

3. Administrative Law – S.P. Sathe
4. Administrative Law – Saiyed
5. Administrative Law – Kesari

Essential Case Law:

1. Ram Jawaya v. State of Punjab (AIR 1955 SC 549)
2. AsifHameed v. State of J & K (AIR 1989 SC 1899)
3. A.N. Parasoraman v. State of Tamil Nadu AIR 1990 SC 40, (Administrative discretion)
4. State of Punjab v. V.K. Khanna, AIR 2001 SC 343 (Mala fide exercise of power)
5. State of Bombay v. K.P. Krishnan AIR 1960 SC 1322 (irrelevant considerations)
6. ShrilekhaVidarthi v. State of U.P. (AIR 1991 SC 537) (Reasonableness)
7. Delhi Laws Act case, AIR 1951 SC 332
8. LachmiNarain v. Union of India AIR 1976 SC 714 (Modification)
9. A.V. Educational Society v. Govt. of A.P. Educational Department (AIR 2002 A.P. 348) (Judicial Control of delegated Legislation)
10. M/s Atlar Cycle Industry Ltd. v. State of Haryana (Legislative Control)
11. GovindLalChaggaLal Patel v. The Agriculture Produce Market Committee (AIR 1976 SC 236) (Procedural Control)
12. Kiran Gupta v. State of U.P. (AIR 2000 SC 3299) (Delegated Legislation)
13. Indian National Congress (1) v. Institute of Social Welfare (AIR 2002 SC 2158) (Classification of Administrative Action)
14. A.K. Kraipak v. Union of India (AIR 1950 SC 150)
15. HiraNath v. Rajendra Medical College (AIR 1973 SC 1260)
16. Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India (AIR 1978 SC 597)
17. S.N.Mukherjee v. Union of India (AIR 1990 SC 1986)
(With effect from the Academic Session 2008-2009) **51**
18. KumaonMandalVikas Nigam Ltd. v. Girja Shankar Pant (AIR 2001 SC 24) (Natural Justice, Test of Bias)
19. State of U.P. v. Johrimal (AIR 2004 SC 3800) (Judicial Review) Johri Mal
20. SayedYakoob v. RadhaKrishan (AIR 1974 SC 477) (Writ Jurisdiction)
21. ShriAnadiMuktaSadguru Trust v. V.R. Rudani (AIR 1989 SC 1607) (Mondemus)
22. R.K. Singh v. Union of India (AIR 2001 Delhi 12) (Mandemmm)
23. KanhaiyaLalSethia v. Union of India (AIR 1998 SC 365) (Judicial review cannot be on policy matters)

Paper 2 - Subject: Family Law II

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (Module I consist of one credit Module 2 consist of 3 Credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for External)**

Objective: The objective of the paper is to apprise the students with the laws relating to family matters.

Module - I Credit 1

1. Marriages and Kinship
 - a. Introduction to Family Law

- b.Sources of Family Law
 - i.The Shruti and Smrities
 - ii.Customs and Usage
 - iii.Judicial Decisions
 - iv.Legislation

b. Types of Family

c. Schools of Hindu Law

- i.Mitakshara
- ii. Dayabhaga
- iii.Banaras School
- iv.Mithili School
- v.Draavid School
- vi.Maharashtra School

2.Customary practices and State regulation.

- i.Concubinage
- ii.Live-in Relationship
- iii.Child marriage
- iv.Sati
- v.Dowry

2. Joint Family system in Mitakshara and Dayabhaga Schools

- i.Karta of joint family
- ii.Partition of Properties
- iii.Alienation of Property
- iv.Separate Property and Coparcenary properties

3. Processes of social change in India: sanskritization, westernization, secularization, modernization, industrialization and urbanization.

i.Constitution, power and functions

ii.Administration of gender Justice

Module – II Credit 3

Uniform Civil Code

- i. Religious pluralism and its implications

- ii. Connotations of the directive contained in Article 44 of the Constitution
- iii. Impediments to the formulation of the Uniform Civil Code
- iv. The idea of optional Uniform Civil Code

The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955

The Hindu Succession Act, 1956

The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956

The Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, 1956

The Maintenance and Welfare of Parents and Senior Citizens Act, 2007

The Family Courts Act, 1984

The Prohibition of Child Marriage Act, 2006

Recommended Reading –

- 1) Paras Diwan- Hindu Law (1998)
- 2) Mulla – Hindu Law
- 3) Kusem, Marriage and Divorce Law Manual (2000)
- 4) Machanda S.C. Law and Practise of Divorse in India (2000)
- 5) P.V. Kane, History of Dharmasutras Vol.2, Pt.1 at 624-632 (1974)
- 6) A.Kuppuswami (ed.) Mayne’s Hindi Law and Usage Ch.4 (1986)
- 7) B.Sivramayy’s, Inequalities and the Law
- 8) K.C.Daiya, Population control through family planning in India, “Indian Journal of Legal Studies”,85 (1979)
- 9) J.D.M. Derret, Hindu Law, Past and Present
- 10) J.D.M. Derret, Death of Marriage Law
- 11) A.A.A. Fyzee, Outline of Muhammedan Law (1998)
- 12) A.M. Bhattacharya, Muslim Law an d the Constitution (1994), Eastern Law House

Paper 3 - Subject: Land Laws

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: The object of this paper is to focus on land reforms besides land acquisition procedures enunciated in the Act of 1894 and the rent laws.

Module I : Credit 2

- 1) Central Legislation inter alia to include
- 2) Land Acquisition Act, 1894
- 3) Indian Registration Act, 1908
- 4) Environmental Protection Act, 1986

A. State Legislation inter alia to include

- 1) Maharashtra Land Revenue Code 1966
- 2) Bombay Tenancy & Agricultural Lands Act 1948
- 3) Maharashtra Regional Town Planning Act 1969
- 4) Maharashtra Housing Area Development Authority Act 1976
- 5) Maharashtra Agriculture Land Ceiling Act 1961
- 6) Maharashtra Stamp Act

B. Land Acquisition Act

- 1) Definitions
- 2) Acquisition – S. 4 to 17
- 3) Reference to Court S. 18 to 28A

C. Indian Registration Act

- 1) Compulsory Registration of Documents S.17
- 2) Optional Registration of Documents S.18
- 3) Time for Registration of Documents S.23
- 4) Delay in Registration of Documents S.25
- 5) Time from which Regd documents operate S.47
- 6) Effect of Non-Registration of Documents required to be registered.49

D. Environmental Protection Act 1986

S3 and Concept of CRZ- Coastal Regulation Zone

E. MLRC 1966

- 1) Use of Land S.41 to 53A
- 2) Record of Rights S.147 to 167
- 3) Appeals, Revision and Review S.246 to S.259
- 4) Special Provisions for Land Revenue in the City of Bombay S.260 to 307

Module II : Credit 2

A. Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act 1948

- 1) Definitions
- 2) Restriction on Transfer Agricultural Lands S.63 to 66

B. Maharashtra Agricultural Land Ceiling Act, 1961

- 1) Definitions and
- 2) S.1 to S.11

C.Maharashtra Regional and Town Planning Act 1909
Definition- Control of Development S.43 to 51- Unauthorised
Development S.52 to 58 – Land Acquisition S.125 to 129

D.MHADA 1976

Definition- Repairs and Reconstruction of Dilapidated Buildings S.74 to 103- Acquisition of
Cessed Properties : Chapter VIIIA

E.Development Control Regulation, 1999 (Mumbai)

Concept FSI (Floor Space Index) – Concept of TDR(Transfer of Development Rights)

Text books:

- 1) Land Acquisition Act -Sarkar
- 2) Registration Act- Sanjeev Rao
- 3) Environment Act -M.C. Mehta
- 4) MLRC -Gupte and Dighe
- 5) B.I.A Lands Act -Gupte
- 6) MRTP Act -Gupte and Dighe
- 7) MHADA- Bare Act
- 8) D.C. Regulation -Shruti A. Desai

Paper 4 Subject :Women & Law (Optional Paper)

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: The paper aims at creating awareness as to importance and role of women in society through the medium of law. It also focuses on women welfare laws.

Module I : Credits 2

A. Introduction

1. Status of Women
 - a) Global Perspective
 - b) Women in India
 - i) Pre Independence Period
 - ii) Post Independence Period
2. International concerns & Conventions
3. Constitutional Provisions relating to Women

B. Personal Laws & Women

1. Sex inequality in Inheritance Rights
 - a) Feudal Institution of Joint Family
 - b) Women's Inheritance Position under different personal
2. Adoption & Guardianship
 - a) Right of women to adopt a child under different personal laws
 - b) Problem of women Guardianing
3. Marriage & Matrimonial Remedies under different personal laws

Module II- Credits 2

A. Criminal Law

1. Offences relating to Marriage
2. Outraging modesty of Women

B. Social Legislations

1. Prevention of Immoral Trafficking Act
2. Pre Natal Diagnostic Techniques Act
3. Dowry Prohibition Act

C. Women & Employment

1. Equal Remuneration Act
2. Factories Act
3. Maternity Benefits Act
4. Protection of Women from Sexual Harassment at Work place Act

D. Protection & Enforcement Agencies

1. Courts
2. Commissions

References-

1. Law relating to Women – Dr. Sayed Maqsood
2. Law relating to Women – Dr. S.C. Tripathi
3. Law relating to Women – Mamta Rao
4. Women and Law – Prof. Nomita Aggarwal
5. Women and Law – Dr. Manjula Batra
6. Women and Law – G.P. Reddy

Paper 4 – Subject : Banking Law (Optional Paper)

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective -This paper is to acquaint the students with the tools and techniques of banking law.

Module – I : Credits 2

1.Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

Incorporation, Capital, Management and Business of Banking Company, Central Banking function of Reserve Bank of India, Collection and furnishing of Credit Information, Control of Reserve Bank of India over Nonbanking Institutions and Financial Institutions, Credit Control by Reserve Bank of India, General provisions and penalties.

2.Banking Regulation Act, 1949

Concept of Bank and Banker, Functions of Banks, Classification of Banks, Relationship between Bank and Customer, Control by government and its agencies, Management of Banking companies,

On account and audit, Reconstruction and reorganization of banking companies, Suspension and winding up of business of banking companies, Social control over banking, Banking Ombudsman.

Recent Trends in Banking:

Automatic Teller Machine and Internet Banking, Smart Credit Cards, Banking Frauds.

Module – II : Credits 2

1.Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881

Definition and characteristic of Negotiable Instruments, Types of Negotiable Instruments, Definition and Essentials of Promissory Note, Bill of Exchange and Cheque, Liabilities and Capacity of Parties of Negotiable Instrument, Holder and Holder in due course, Transfer and Negotiation of Negotiable Instrument.

2.Crossing of Cheques and payment, Dishonour of Cheques, Presentment and Payment, Dishonour.

Noting and Protest of Negotiable Instrument, Endorsement

Definition, Essential of a valid endorsement and its kinds.

Debt recovery tribunal – constitution and functioning.

Role of SEBI in controlling financial institutions.

References-

1. Bashyam and Adiga, The Negotiable Instrument Act, 1997
2. M.L.Tannen, Jannen's Banking Law & Practice in India, 2000
3. Dr. Avtar Singh, Negotiable Instrument Act.
4. S.N. Gupta, The Banking Law in Theory & Practice, 1999
5. Sharma and Nainta, Banking Law & Negotiable Instruments Act
6. Dr.NilimaChandiramani – Law of Negotiable Instrument: Basic Concepts.
7. Mukharjee T.K. – Banking Law and practice .

Paper 5 - Subject : Practical Training - II

Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (Module1,3 credits and2 consists of 1credit)

Module I : Credits 3

- 1.Public Interest Lawyering
- 2.Legal Aid
- 3.Para Legal Service, Para Legal Training & Legal Literacy
- 4.Benefits of Law Firm
- 5.Case Comment

Module II : Credit 1

B.Viva

REVISED SYLLABUS (w.e.f. 2015-2016)**B.B.A LL.B FIFTH YEAR Sem IX****LL.B THIRD YEAR Sem V****Paper 1 - Subject : Alternative Dispute Resolution**

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint students with various modes of ADR.

MODULE – I : Credit 1**1. Introduction**

- a. Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR): Concept and Need
- b. Legal Aid:
 - Concept, Dimensions and Practice
 - Constitutional Provisions
 - Legal Services Authority Act, 1987
 - Legal Literacy Mission

MODULE - II : Credit 1**1. Techniques of ADR – I**

- a) Negotiation / Consultation
- b) Mediation
- c) Good offices

MODULE III : Credit 1**1. Techniques of ADR – II**

- a) Conciliation: Nature, Scope and Methods
- b) Arbitration – Arbitration agreement / Clause, Jurisdiction of the arbitral tribunal, Applicable Law; IIC, UNCITRAL, KSID.
- c) The Arbitration and Conciliation Act 1996

MODULE IV : Credit 1**1. Recognition and Enforcement**

- a. Indian Practice
- b. International Practice

Reference-

- 1. International Dispute Settlement – J.G. Merrills
- 2. Legal Services Authority Act, 1987

Paper - 2 Subject : Criminal Procedure Code and Juvenile Justice Act

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (Module I consists of 3 credit and II consist of 1 credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: This paper is to give students thorough knowledge of procedural aspects of working of criminal courts and other machineries.

Module – I : Credits 3

Criminal Procedure Code, 1973

Module – II : Credit 1

Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of 2000)

Reference-

1. Ratanlal Dhirajlal- Criminal Procedure code
2. Chandrashekher Pillai – Kelkar Lectures on Criminal Procerure
3. Woodroffe – Commentaries on Code of Criminal Procedures

Paper - 3 Subject 3 : Law of Evidence

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (Module consists of four credits)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: This paper is to orient students with importance of evidence forestablishment of claims and the related rules and principles.

Module - I : Credits 4

Indian Evidence Act, 1872.

References-

1. Sarkar and Manohar- On Evidence
2. Ratanlal, Dhirajlal- Law of Evidence
3. Avtar Singh- Principles of the Law of Evidence

Paper - 4 Subject : Public International Law and Human Rights

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: The objective of this course is to lay the foundation of the Human Rights ,Public International Law and practiceandacquaint the students with basic human rights institutions.

Module – I : Credit 1

A.Introductionof Human Rights-

- a. History
- b. Evolution
- c. Growth

B. Introduction of International Law

- a. Nature of International Law
- b. Subjects of International Law
- c. Relationship between International Law and Municipal Law

C. International Organizations

- a. I L O
- b. ICJ
- C. WTO
- f.. UNEP
- g. UNICEF

Module – II : Credit 1**1. Human Rights under UN Charter and their Enforcement under Indian Constitution**

- a. UDHR, 1948
- b. Convention on Civil and Political Rights , 1966
- c. Convention on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 1966
- d. CEDAW, 1979
- c. Optional Protocols

2. III Human Rights and under the Indian Constitution and their Enforcement

- a. Fundamental Rights under Indian constitution
- b. Directive Principles of State Policy
- c. Fundamental Duties

Module – III : Credit 1**A: Role of Judiciary**

- a. NHRC
- b. NGO

B.. Recognition, Extradition and Law of the Sea

- a. Law of the Sea
 - i. Territorial Sea
 - ii. Contiguous Zone
 - iii. Exclusive Economic Zone
 - iv. Continental Shelf
 - v. High Sea
- ii.. Recognition
 - b. Theories of Recognition
 - ii. De facto, De jure recognition
 - iii. Implied Recognition
 - iv. Withdrawal of Recognition
 - v. Retroactive Effects of Recognition
- c. Extradition
 - i. State Jurisdiction
 - ii. Customary Law basis
 - iii. Treaty Law
 - iv. The nature of obligation

Module – IV : Credit 1**A. Human Rights**

- a. Prisoners

- b. Women and Children
- c. Human Rights and Environment
- d. Role and functions of Amnesty International and N G O s in India

Text books:

1. UN Charter
2. Constitution of India
3. Human Rights Act 1993
4. Sinha, M.K. – Implementation of Non-Derogation Human Rights (Delhi 1999)

References:

1. D.D. Basu – Human Rights
2. Upender Baxi – Human Rights
3. Thomas Buergenthal – Human Rights
4. Henry Steiner & Philip Alston – International Human Rights Law
5. B.G. Ramcharan – International Human Rights (Oxford, 1998)
6. Y.K. Tyagi – British Yearbook (2001).
7. Starke – Introduction to International Law
8. Oppenheim - International Law
9. Brownlie – Principles of International Law
10. Shaw - International Law
11. H. O .Agrawal, Human Rights and International Law

Paper – 5 Subject : Practical Training C (Internship and Maintenance of Diary)

Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credits)

Module – I : Credits 2

A. Internship

Module - II : Credits 2

B. Maintenance of Diary – Students have to maintain a diary where they will elaborate the observations made daily and proceedings. in detail.

Internship Duration and Rules -

1.) LL.B Three Years , 12 Weeks – Students have to do 4 weeks internship in the first , second and third year each (After the completion of 12 weeks before the last semester of the course. At the beginning of the 6th Semester they have to submit the certificate and the diary to the concerned teacher in the law School)

2.) BB.A , LL. B Five Years Integrated Course-20 Weeks - Students have to do 4 weeks internship in the first , second , third, fourth and the fifth year each (After the completion of 20, weeks before the last semester of the course. At the beginning of the 10th Semester they have to submit the certificate and the diary to the concerned teacher in the law School).

(As per BCI Part IV Rules, at Schedule III Rule 25 – Compulsory Clinical Courses, at page no. 24 and, Rule 25- Minimum Period of Internship at Schedule III at page 34) Minimum Period of Internship: (a)

Each registered student shall have completed minimum of 12 weeks internship for Three Year course stream and 20 weeks in case of Five Year Course stream during the entire period of legal course, under NGO, Trial and Appellate studies Advocates, Judiciary, Legal Regulatory authorities, Legislatures and Parliament, Other Legal Functionaries, Market Institutions, Law Firms, Companies, Local Self Government and other such bodies as the University shall stipulate, where law is practiced either in action or in dispute resolution or in management. Provided that internship in any year cannot be for a continuous period of more than Four Weeks and all students shall at least gone through once in the entire academic period with Trial and Appellate Advocates.

(b) Each student shall keep Internship diary in such form as may be stipulated by the University concerned and the same shall be evaluated by the Guide in Internship and also a Core Faculty member of the staff each time. The total mark shall be assessed in the Final Semester of the course in the 4th Clinical course as stipulated under the Rules in Schedule II.

B.B.A LL.B FIFTH YEAR Sem X
LL.B THIRD YEAR Sem VI

Paper – 1 Subject : Interpretation of Statutes.

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of one credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: The paper is to equip the students with various tools of interpretation of statutes.

Module – I : Credit 1

I) Introduction - Meaning and Purpose of interpretation of statutes.

A. Aids to interpretation (Internal Aids).

- 1) Title
- 2) Preamble
- 3) Headings and marginal notes.
- 4) Sections and sub sections.
- 5) Punctuation marks.
- 6) Illustrations, exceptions, provisos and saving clauses.
- 7) Schedules.
- 8) Non obstante Clause.

B. External Aids :

- 1) Dictionaries
- 2) Translations
- 3) TravauxPreparatoires
- 4) Statutes in parimateria
- 5) Contemporaneaexposito
- 6) ParliamentaryDebates, inquiry commission reports and law commission reports.
- 7) Text Books

Module – II : Credit 1

I. Rules of Statutory Interpretation:

A. Primary rules.

- 1) Literal rule
- 2) Golden rule.
- 3) Mischief rule.
- 4) Rule of harmonious construction.

B. Secondary rules

- 1) Noscitur a Sociis.
- 2) Eiusdem Generis
- 3) Reddendo Singula Singulis

II. Presumptions in Statutory interpretation:

Statutes are valid.

Statutes are territorial in operation.

Presumption as to jurisdiction.

Presumption as to what is inconvenient or absurd
 Presumption against intending injustice
 Presumption against impairing obligation
 of permitting advantage from one's own wrong.
 Prospective operation of statutes.

Module – III : Credit 1

A) Maxims of statutory interpretation

Delegatus non potest delegare.
 Expressio Unius, Est Exclusio Alterius.
 In pari delicto potior est conditio possidentis.
 Ulterius valet potior quam pareat
 Expressum facit cessare tacitum.
 Generalia Specialibus Non Derogant .
 In bonam partem.

B) Interpretation with reference to the subject matter and the purpose.

- 1) Restrictive and beneficial construction.
- 2) Taxing Statutes
- 3) Penal statutes.
- 4) Welfare legislation.
- 5) directory and mandatory provisions
- 6) conjunctive and disjunctive .
- 7) Interpretation of enabling statutes, statutes conferring rights, statutes conferring powers.

Module - IV : Credit 1

A) Principles of constitutional interpretation:

- 1) Harmonious construction.
- 2) Doctrine of pith and substance.
- 3) Colourable legislation.
- 4) Ancillary Powers.
- 5) Occupied field.
- 6) Residuary power.
- 7) Doctrine of prospective overruling.
- 8) Doctrine of repugnancy.
- 9) Doctrine of eclipse.

B) General clauses Act:

References-

1. G.P. Singh.....Principles of Statutory interpretation
2. Maxwell on Interpretation of Statutes.
3. K. Shanmukham, N.S. Bindra's Interpretation of Statutes.
4. V. Sarthy, Interpretation of Statutes.
5. M.P. Jain, Constitutional law of India.
6. V.N. Shukla's Constitution of India.
7. Avatar Singh Interpretation of Statutes.
8. T. Bhattacharya- Interpretation of Statutes
- 9.. Maxwell's on Interpretation
10. G.P. Singh's Interpretation
11. Craies on Interpretation
12. Crawford on Interpretation

Paper - 2 Subject : Code of Civil Procedure and The Limitation Act.

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (Module 1, 3 credits, Module 2, 1 credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: This paper is to help a law student to acquire a thorough knowledge of procedural aspects of working of civil courts and other machineries.

Module - I : Credits 3
Civil Procedure Code

Module – II : Credit 1
Indian Limitation Act

References-

1. Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Relevant Provisions)
2. C.K. Takwani, Code of Civil Procedure
3. Mulla – Code of Civil Procedure
4. Sarkar's Code of Civil Procedure
5. Ganguly – Civil Court, Practice and Procedure
6. M.P. Tandon – Code of Civil Procedure
7. Majumdar P. K. And Kataria R. P. (Commentary on C. P. C.)
8. Indian Limitation Act

Essential Case Law:

1. Topandas V/s Gorakhram, AIR 1964 SC 1348
2. Dhulabhai V/s State of H.P., AIR 1969 SC 78
3. Premier Automobile V/s Kamlakar, 1976 (1) SCC 496
4. Rajasthan State Road Transport Corpn. V/s Krishna Kant – 1995 (5) SCC 75
5. Pandurang V/s Shantibai, AIR 1989 SC 2240
6. Workmen C.P. Trust V/s Board of Trustee, 1978 (3) SCC 119
7. Razia Begum V/s Anwar Begum, AIR 1958 SC 886 (895)
8. B.K.N. Pillai V/s P. Pillas, AIR 2000 SC 614
9. Sangram Singh V/s Election Tribunal, AIR 1955 SC 425
10. Martin Burn Ltd. V/s Banerjee, AIR 1958 SC 79
11. Dalpat V/s Prahlad, 1992 (1) SCC 719
12. Gujrat Battling Co. Ltd. Coca Cola Co., 1995 (5) SCC 545
13. Morgan Stanly V/s Kartick Das, 1994 (4) SCC 225
14. Bihari Chordhary V/s State of Bihar, 1984 (2) SCC 627
15. Raj Duggal V/s Ramesh Kumar, AIR 1990 SC 2218

Paper -3 Subject : Jurisprudence

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credits)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective- The course aims at developing an analytical approach to understand the nature of law, development of law and working of a legal system in different dimensions with reference

to popular legal theorists.

Module – I : Credits 2

A. Jurisprudence and Legal Theory

1. Introduction, Nature, scope and utility of jurisprudence.
2. Nature of law - general.
3. Administration of justice, necessity, criminal Justice and its purpose, Civil Justice & primary and sanctioning rights.
4. Sources of law - General.
 - a. Legislation - a source of law, nature, supreme legislation, subordinate legislation, its relation with other sources.
 - b. Precedent - a source of law, meaning, theories, Doctrine of stare decisis in India, Power of the Supreme Court under Art 141 of the Constitution Circumstances destroying or weakening the binding force of precedent, ratio decidendi and obiter dicta with relevant Indian case-law.
 - c. Custom - a source of law, definition, characteristics of customs.
5. Natural law theory
6. Positive theory of law
 - a. Analytical school and imperative theory
 - b. Pure theory of law
 - c. Law as set of rules - H.L.A. Hart
7. Legal realism.
 - a. American
 - b. Scandinavian
8. Historical school of law
9. Sociological school of law

Module – II : Credits 2

A. Concepts

1. Persons, the concept of legal personality, legal status of lower animals, dead men, unborn persons, corporation and the state
2. Legal definition - wrongs, duties, rights, characteristics of legal rights, Legal Rights in wider sense (Hohfeldian analysis of legal rights), kinds of legal rights
3. Ownership, definition, characteristic of ownership, subject-matter, kinds of ownership
4. Possession, kinds, modes of acquiring possession and ownership, possessory remedies
5. Property, meaning, kinds, theories, modes of acquisition property
6. Liability. nature and kinds, theory of remedial liability, theory of penal liability, negligence. Theory of strict liability, vicarious liability, measures of civil and Criminal liability

References-

1. Fitzgerald P J, Salmond on Jurisprudence
2. Dias, Jurisprudence
3. Sethna M J. Jurisprudence
4. Mahajan V.D. Jurisprudence and Legal Theory
5. Tandon M P, Jurisprudence
6. Dhyani S N, Fundamentals of Jurisprudence

7. Paranjpe N V, Jurisprudence and Legal Theory
8. B.N. Mani Tripathi, Jurisprudence: Legal theory
9. Roscoe Pond, Introduction to philosophy of law
10. Paton G.V. Jurisprudence. Oxford

Paper - 4 Subject : Intellectual Property Rights (Optional Paper)

**Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (each Module consists of two credit)
(25 marks for Internals & 75 marks for Externals)**

Objective: The objective of this course is to acquaint the students with basics of intellectual property rights with special reference to Indian law and practice.

Module – I : Credits 2

A. Meaning, nature and forms of Intellectual Property.

B. International regime

1. Bern Conventional
2. Universal Copyright Convention
3. Paris Convention

Module – II : Credits 2

A. Measures in India

1. Designs

- a. Nature and Meaning
- b. Scope of protection
- c. Procedure for protection
- d. Enforcement and Remedies

2. Copyright Act, 1957 (Including Recent Amendments)

3. Trade Mark Act, 1999 (Including Recent Amendments)

4. Patent Act, 1979 (Including Recent Amendments)

References-

1. Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1883;
2. Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works, 1886;
3. Indian Copyright Act, 1957;
4. Indian Patents Act, 1970;
5. Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights, 1994 (the TRIPS Agreement);
6. Indian Trademarks Act, 1999;
7. Indian Designs Act, 2000.

Paper -5 Subject : Practical Training - III

Total – 4 credits/ 100 marks (Module1, 3 credits and 2 consists of 1credit)

Module- I : Credits 2

A.Drafting , Pleading and Conveyancing

1)Drafting

a) General Principles of Drafting and related Substantive rules

b) Drafting of Legal Notice

c) Reply notice

d) Judgement Writing

e) Drawing up of Decree

2) Civil Pleading

a) Plaint

b) Written Statement

c) Interlocutory Application

d) Affidavit

e) Execution Petition

f) Memorandum of Civil Appeal

g) Revision

h) Writ Petition

i) Arbitration Application

j) Arbitration Petitions

3) Criminal Pleading

a) Criminal Complaint

b) Miscellaneous Applications

c) Bail Application

d) Anticipatory Bail Application

e) Memorandum of Criminal Appeal

f) Criminal Revision

4) Conveyancing

a) Agreement

b) Agreement for Sale

c) Agreements relating to:

i) Sale

ii) Mortgage

iii) Lease

iv) Gift

v) Will

vi) License

vii) Power of Attorney

d) International Contracts

e) Arbitration Agreements

f) Merger & Amalgamation

g) Foreign Collaborations & Joint Ventures

h) MOA

i) MOU

j) Hire Purchase Agreement

k) Guarantee

l) Pledge

Module – II : Credit 1

B.Viva

References-

Tijoriwala, Drafting, Pleading & Conveyancing